

MEB'İN YENİ
100'Ü

ETKİNLİKLER

TÜRKİYE YÜZYILI
MAARİF MODELİ

AKILLI
TAHTA

6. SINIF

SÜREÇ
ODAKLI

ÖĞRETEN ETKİNLİK FASİKÜLÜ

İngilizce

Worksheets

Karekod
Çözümlü



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SORULAR

ve Sınırsız

Deneme

Sınavları





İSTİKLAL MARŞI

Korkma, sönmez bu şafaklarda yüzen al sancak;
Sönmeden yurdumun üstünde tüten en son ocak.
O benim milletimin yıldızıdır, parlayacak;
O benimdir, o benim milletimindir ancak.

Çatma, kurban olayım, çehreni ey nazlı hilâl!
Kahraman ırkıma bir gül! Ne bu şiddet, bu celâl!
Sana olmaz dökülen kanlarımız sonra helâl
Hakkıdır, Hakk'a tapan, milletimin istiklâl!

Mehmet Âkif ERSOY

ATATÜRK'ÜN GENÇLİĞE HİTABESİ

Ey Türk gençliği! Birinci vazifen; Türk istiklalini, Türk cumhuriyetini, ilelebet muhafaza ve müdafaa etmektir.

Mevcudiyetinin ve istikbalinin yegâne temeli budur. Bu temel, senin en kıymetli hazinedir. İstikbalde dahi seni bu hazineye mahrum etmek isteyecek dâhilî ve haricî bedhahların olacaktır. Bir gün, istiklal ve cumhuriyeti müdafaa mecburiyetine düşersen, vazifeye atılmak için içinde bulunacağın vaziyetin imkân ve şeraitini düşünmeyeceksin. Bu imkân ve şerait, çok namüsaî bir mahiyette tezahür edebilir. İstiklal ve cumhuriyetine kastedecek düşmanlar, bütün dünyada emsali görülmemiş bir galibiyetin mümessili olabilirler. Cebren ve hile ile aziz vatanın bütün kaleleri zapt edilmiş, bütün tersanelerine girilmiş, bütün orduları dağıtılmış ve memleketin her köşesi bilfiil işgal edilmiş olabilir. Bütün bu şeraitten daha elim ve daha vahim olmak üzere, memleketin dâhilinde iktidara sahip olanlar, gaflet ve dalalet ve hatta hıyanet içinde bulunabilirler. Hatta bu iktidar sahipleri, şahsi menfaatlerini müstevlilerin siyasi emelleriyle tevhit edebilirler. Millet, fakrızaruret içinde harap ve bitap düşmüş olabilir.

Ey Türk istikbalinin evladı! İşte, bu ahval ve şerait içinde dahi vazifen, Türk istiklal ve cumhuriyetini kurtarmaktır. Muhtaç olduğun kudret, damarlarındaki asil kanda mevcuttur.

Mustafa Kemal Atatürk

6. SINIF İNGİLİZCE

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İÇİNDEKİLER

▶ 1. ÜNİTE.....	5
▶ 2. ÜNİTE.....	11
▶ 3. ÜNİTE.....	17
▶ 4. ÜNİTE.....	23
▶ 5. ÜNİTE.....	29
▶ 6. ÜNİTE.....	35
▶ 7. ÜNİTE.....	41
▶ 8. ÜNİTE.....	47
▶ 9. ÜNİTE.....	53
▶ 10. ÜNİTE.....	59

arrive



arrive

(varmak)

attend



attend

(katılmak)

brush teeth



brush teet

(diş fırçalamak)

comb hair



comb hair

(saç taramak)

come back



come back

geri gelmek (dönmek)

Exercise 1:

Look at the clocks and write the time from the table with its Turkish meaning into the correct places. (Saatlere bakalım ve tablodan zamanı doğru yerlere yazalım.)

WHAT TIME IS IT?

It is half past two	It is eight o'clock.	It is quarter to nine.
It is twenty past three.	It is half past four.	It is twenty five past six.
It is twenty five to five.	It is ten past ten.	It is twenty to one.
It is half past six.	It is quarter to eleven.	It is quarter past one.

	It is ten past ten. Saat onu on geçiyor.		It is half past two Saat iki buçuk
	It is eight o'clock Saat sekiz		It is twenty five to five Saat altıya yirmi beş var
	It is twenty to one Saat bire yirmi var		It is twenty five past six Saat altıya yirmi beş geçiyor.
	It is twenty past three Saat üçü yirmi geçiyor		It is quarter past one Saat biri çeyrek geçiyor.
	It is half past six Saat altı buçuk		It is quarter to nine Saat dokuz çeyrek var
	It is quarter to eleven Saat on bire çeyrek var		It is half past four Saat dört buçuk

do cleaning



do cleaning

(temizlik yapmak)

do homework



do homework

ev ödevi yapmak

do sports



do sports

(spor yapmak)

go online



go online

(çevrim içi olmak)

go shopping



go shopping

(alışveriş yapmak)

folk dance



folk dance

(Halk oyunları)

get dressed



get dressed

(giyinmek)

get on



get on

(binmek)

get up



get up

(kalkmak)

go to bed



go to bed

uyumak

rest



rest

dinlenmek

have a shower



have a shower

duş almak

have breakfast



have breakfast

kahvaltı etmek

have dinner



have dinner

akşam yemeği yemek

have lunch



have lunch

öğle yemeği yemek

leave home



leave home

evden ayrılmak

meet friends



meet friends

arkadaşlarla buluşmak

run errands



run errands

ayak işleri yapmak

take course



take course

kurs almak

visit



visit

ziyaret etmek

wake up



wake up

uyanmak

wash hands



wash hands

elleri yıkamak

walk the dog



walk the dog

köpeği gezintiye çıkarmak

Exercise 2: Answer the questions. (Soruları cevaplayalım.)

1. What day comes before Monday?

Sunday - Pazar

2. What day comes after Tuesday?

Wednesday - Çarşamba

3. What day comes before Wednesday?

Tuesday - Salı

4. What day comes after Friday?

Saturday - Cumartesi

5. What day comes before Thursday?

Wednesday - Çarşamba

6. What day comes after Saturday?

Sunday - Pazar

Exercise 3: Complete the blanks. (Boşlukları tamamlayalım.)

last month

October (Ekim)

July (Temmuz)

January (Ocak)

May (Mayıs)

December (Aralık)

March (Mart)

August (Ağustos)

February (Şubat)

this month

November (Kasım)

August (Ağustos)

February (Şubat)

June (Haziran)

January (Ocak)

April (Nisan)

September (Eylül)

March (Mart)

next month

December (Aralık)

September (Eylül)

March (Mart)

July (Temmuz)

February (Şubat)

May (Mayıs)

October (Ekim)

April (Nisan)



get on
binmek



comb hair
saç taramak



get dressed
giyinmek



arrive
varmak



visit
ziyaret etmek

Exercise 4: Do the exercise as in the example. (Alıştırmayı örnekteki gibi yapalım.)

1. have - has

he / a piano course / Fridays

He has a piano course on Fridays.

2. brush - teeth

she / teeth / after meals

She teeth brushes after meals



leave home
evden ayrılmak

3. play - tennis

she / tennis / after school

She play tennis after school

4. do - homework

he / homework / every day

He does homework every day



go to bed
uyumak

5. get up - at 7 o'clock

he / at 7 o'clock / on weekdays

he gets up at 7 o'clock on weekdays

6. set - the table

he / the table / for dinner

He sets the table for dinner



brush teeth
diş fırçalamak

7. visit - grandparents

she / grandparents / Sundays

She visits her grandparents on Sundays

8. go - sports club

she / sports club / Tuesdays

She goes to sports club on Tuesdays



have dinner
akşam yemeği yemek

9. walk - school

she / school / every morning

She walks school in every morning

10. leave - home

he / home / 8:30 a.m. / weekdays

He leaves home at 8:30 a.m. on weekdays



come back
geri gelmek



wake up
uyanmak



wash hands
elleri yıkamak



have a shower
duş almak



have a rest
dinlenmek



have breakfast

kahvaltı etmek



take course

kurs almak



attend

katılmak



meet friends

arkadaşlarla buluşmak



go shopping

alışveriş yapmak



folk dance

halk oyunları



have lunch

öğle yemeği yemek



walk the dog

köpeği gezintiye çıkarmak



do cleaning

temizlik yapmak



do homework

ev ödevlerini yapmak



wake up

uyanmak



do sports

spor yapmak



go online

çevrimiçi olmak



run errands

ayak işleri yapmak

Exercise 5: Rewrite the sentences using the frequency adverbs in the boxes. (Kutucukların içindeki sıklık zarflarını kullanarak cümleleri yeniden yazalım.)

1

always

I wake up early in the mornings.

I always wake up early in the mornings.

2

usually

She does sports before she has breakfast.

She usually does sports before she has breakfast.

3

often

They visit their grandparents after school.

They often visit their grandparents after school.

4

sometimes

He watches TV before he goes to bed.

He sometimes watches TV before he goes to bed.

5

rarely

I take care of the plants in our garden.

I rarely take care of the plants in our garden.

6

hardly ever

She runs errands for her parents.

She hardly ever runs errands for her parents.

7

never

We do the ironing at the weekends.

We never do the ironing at the weekends.

8

always

She goes to the sports club on Sundays.

She always goes to the sports club on Sundays.

9

often

They play football after school.

They often play football after school.

10

sometimes

He does jogging in the park.

He sometimes does jogging in the park.

Exercise 6: Look at Ercan's diary and complete the blanks. (Ercan'ın ajandasına bakalım ve boşlukları tamamlayalım.)

	①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥	⑦
Time	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
09:00		attend a folk dance course					run errands for parents
11:00	go to the sports club					take the dog for a walk	
14:00				take care of the plants	meet friends		visit grandparents
15:30	do homework		take a guitar course		read a book		
16:00				take a nap		do cleaning at home	
17:00		go shopping with parents	watch TV				

1 On Mondays:

a. He goes to the sports club at eleven o'clock.

b. He does his homework at half past three.

2 On Tuesdays:

a. He attends a folk dance course at nine o'clock.

b. He goes shoppings with parents at five o'clock.

3 On Wednesdays:

a. He takes a guitar course at half past three.

b. He watches TV at seven o'clock.

4 On Thursdays:

a. He takes care of plants at two o'clock.

b. He takes a nap at four o'clock.

5 On Fridays:

a. He meets friends at two o'clock.

b. He reads a book at half past three.

6 On Saturdays:

a. He takes the does for walk at eleven o'clock.

b. He does cleaning at home at four o'clock.

7 On Sundays:

a. He run errands for parents at nine o'clock.

b. He visits grandparents at two o'clock.

Exercise 7: Choose the correct one and write. (Doğru olanı seçelim ve yazalım.)

1. I always **has/have** **have** breakfast.
2. She never **get up/gets up** **gets up** early at weekends.
3. He **attends/attend** **attends** an English course on Fridays.
4. They **studies/study** **study** for their exams.
5. We usually **visit/visits** **visit** our relatives at weekends.
6. Kenan **does/do** **does** sports in the park before breakfast.
7. I **wash/washes** **wash** my face every morning.

Exercise 8: Fill in the blanks with "do", "does", "don't", or "doesn't". (Boşlukları "do", "does", "don't", veya "doesn't" ile dolduralım.)

1. I **don't** play games with my father.
2. **Does** she go to school by bus?
3. He **doesn't** have a piano course on weekdays.
4. **Do** you attend a folk dance course after school?
5. We **don't** do our homework before dinner.
6. **Does** Elif swim on Mondays and Thursdays?
7. Cemil **doesn't** play basketball at weekends.
8. Leyla **does not** meet her friends very often.
9. They **do not** visit their grandparents at weekends.
10. **Does** he do his homework after school?

Simple Present Tense

Exercise 9: Rewrite the sentences in the negative form. (Cümleleri olumsuz yapıda yeniden yazalım.)

1. Furkan has lunch in the school canteen.
Furkan doesn't have lunch in the school canteen.
2. I watch TV after I finish my homework.
I don't watch TV after I finish my homework
3. Ceyda reads a book before she sleeps.
Ceyda does not read a book before she
4. He comes back home from school at 4 p.m.
He does not come back from school at 4 p.m.
5. They usually rest after school.
They usually do not rest after school
6. Ayşe goes to school at half past seven.
Ayşe doesn't go to school at half past seven.
7. Kerim does sports before he has breakfast.
Kerim doesn't do sports before he has breakfast

Exercise 10: Write the answers according to the symbols in brackets. (Parantezlerin içindeki sembolere göre cevapları yazalım.)

1. Do you run errands at home?
(✓) **Yes, I run errands at home.**
2. Does your brother ride his bicycle on weekdays?
(x) **No, he doesn't ride his bicycle on weekdays.**
3. Do they wake up early at weekends?
(x) **No, they don't wake up early of weekends.**
4. Does she take the dog for a walk after school?
(✓) **Yes, she takes the dog for a walk after school.**
5. Do you usually do the ironing on Sundays?
(x) **No, I usually don't do the ironing on Sundays.**
6. Does Lily usually visit her aunt on weekdays?
(✓) **Yes, Lily usually visits her aunt on weekdays.**

ÖZ DEĞERLENDİRME FORMU

	Evet	Hayır
Saatleri ve yılın aylarını İngilizce olarak söyleyebiliyorum.		
Rutin yapılan eylemleri İngilizce olarak ifade edebiliyorum.		

apple juice



apple juice

(elma suyu)

bagel



bagel

(simit)

bread



bread

(ekmek)

butter



butter

(yağ)

cereal



cereal

(mısır gevreği)

Exercise 1:

Put the words into the correct order.
(Kelimeleri doğru sıraya koyalım.)

a. sausages / dislikes / she / .

She dislikes sausages.

b. cereal / milk / I / with / like / .

I like cereal with milk.

c. food / eating / dislikes / he / unhealthy / .

He dislikes eating unhealthy.

d. drinking / my / coffee / parents / love / .

My parents loves drinking coffee.

e. vegetables / at / like / they / breakfast / .

They like vegetables at breakfast.

f. family / food / enjoy / nutritious / my / .

My family enjoy nutritious food.

g. muffins / they / a lot / having / like / .

They like having muvffins

h. eggs / for / breakfast / I / boiled / love / .

I live boiled egg for breakfast.

i. cheese / having / likes / she / olives / and / .

She likes havins olives and cheese.

Exercise 2:

Fill in the blanks with "a", "an", "some" and "any". (Boşlukları "a", "an", "some" ve "any" ile dolduralım.)

1. There are some eggs, but there aren't any milk in the fridge.

2. My mother needs some banana and some apple to make a fruit salad.

3. I want a croissants with my coffee, but I don't want any jam.

4. He doesn't want any salami and sausages, but he can eat some cheese.

5. I like vegetables, so I want some cucumbers and some tomato for breakfast.

6. My sister doesn't prefer junk food, so she doesn't want any chips, but she wants a glass of fruit juice.

7. I need some orange, a peach and some cherries to make fruit juice.

cheese



cheese

peynir

chips



chips

patates kızartması

coffee



coffee

kahve

croissant



crossiant

(kruvasan)

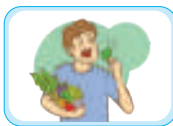
honey



honey

bal

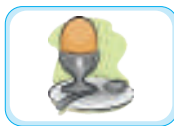
healthy



healthy

sağlıklı

egg



egg

yumurta

hungry



hungry

acıklmak

cucumber



cucumber

salatalık

jam



jam

reçel

milk



milk

süt

muffin



muffin

kek

nutritious



nutritious

besleyici

olives



olives

zeytin

omelette



omelette

omlet

orange juice



orange juice

meyve suyu

pancakes



pancakes

pankek

salami



salami

salam

tomato



tomato

domates

toast



toast

tost

tea



tea

çay

sausage



sausage

sosis

sandwich



sandwich

sandviç

Exercise 3:

Categorize the food and drinks given below and write their Turkish meanings. (Aşağıda verilen yiyecek ve içecekleri sınıflandıralım ve Türkçe anlamlarını yazalım.)

- * muffin * fruit juice * coffee * latte * cheese * pancake * salami
* egg * bagel * butter * milk * tea * apple juice * orange juice

FOOD

* muffin - kek

* cheese - peynir

* pancake - pankek

* salami - salam

* egg - yumurta

* bagel - simit

* butter - tereyağı

DRINKS

* fruit juice - meyve suyu

* coffee - kahve

* latte - latte

* milk - süt

* tea - çay

* apple juice - elma suyu

* orange juice - portakal suyu

Exercise 4:

Complete the missing letters and write the Turkish meanings of the words. (Eksik harfleri tamamlayalım ve kelimelerin Türkçe anlamlarını yazalım.)

1. p a n c a k e
pancake - gözleme

3. ap p le ju i c e
apple juice = elma suyu

5. br e a d
bread = ekmek

2. s a us a g e
sausage = sosisli

4. nu t ri t io v s
nutritious = besleyici

6. ch e es e
cheese = peynir



pancakes

gözleme



honey

bal



cucumber

salatalık



cheese

peynir



butter

tereyağı

Exercise 5:

Make sentences using "like" and "dislike" according to the table and write their Turkish meanings. (Tabloya göre "like" ve "dislike" kullanarak cümleler kuralım ve onların Türkçe anlamlarını yazalım.)

	Sue	Daniel	Linda	Scott	Katie	Larry	Miley	Robert

- Sue likes pancakes, but she dislikes salami. - Sue gözleme sever ama salam sevmez.
- Daniel likes croissant, but he dislikes cereal.
Daniel kruvasan sever ama mısır gevreği sevmez.
- Linda likes omelette, but she dislikes chips.
Linda omlet sever ama patates kızartması sevmez.
- Scott likes muffins, but he dislikes honey.
Scott kek sever ama bal sevmez.
- Katie likes toast, but she dislikes sausage.
Katie tost sever ama sosis sevmez.
- Larry likes cheese, but she dislikes jam.
Larry peynir sever ama reçel sevmez.
- Miley likes milk, but she dislikes apple juice.
Miley süt sever ama elma suyu sevmez.
- Robert likes bagel, but he dislikes olives.
Robert simit sever ama zeytin sevmez.



bread

ekmek



jam

reçel



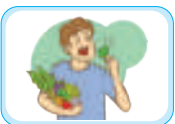
salami

salam



omelette

omlet



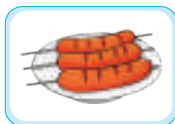
healthy

sağlıklı



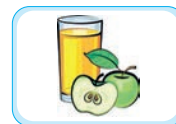
muffin

kek



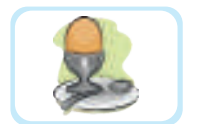
sausage

sosis



apple juice

elma suyu



egg

yumurta



bagel

simit



nutritious

besleyici



cereal

mısır gevreği



milk

süt



croissant

kruvasan



olives

zeytin



coffe

kahve



tea

çay



tomato

domates



toast

tost



orange juice

portakal suyu



chips

patates kızartması



hungry

acıkmak



sandwich

sandviç

Exercise 6:

Write the sentences under the correct titles with their Turkish meanings. (Cümleleri Türkçe anlamlarıyla doğru başlıkların altına yazalım.)

- * No, thanks. I dislike chips. * Do you want an omelette? * Yes, sure.
- * Would you like some pancakes? * Want some cereals with milk?
- * No, thanks. * Do you want some tea? * No, sorry. It's all gone.
- * Of course. Here you are. * Would you like to have a banana?

Making Offers

1. Do you want an omelette?
Bir omlet ister misin?

2. Would you like some pancakes?
Biraz pankek ister misin?

3. Want some cereals with milk?
Biraz sütle mısır gevreği ister misin?

4. Do you want some tea?
Biraz çay ister misin?

5. Would you like to have a banana?
Bir muz ister misin?

Accepting / Refusing Offers

1. No thanks. I dislike chips.
Hayır teşekkürler. Patates kızartması sevmem

2. Yes, sure.
Evet, tabii.

3. No, thanks.
Hayır, teşekkürler.

4. No, sorry. It's all gone.
Üzgünüm hepsi bitti.

5. Of course. Here you are.
Tabii, buyur.

MAKING OFFERS AND ACCEPTING OR REFUSING THEM

Exercise 7:

Choose the English sentences from the box and write them into the correct places. (Kutudan İngilizce cümleleri seçelim ve onları doğru yerlere yazalım.)

ENGLISH SENTENCES

- ◆ Do you want some coffee with milk?
- ◆ What do you have for breakfast?
- ◆ Can I have a croissant with tea?
- ◆ What do you like having for breakfast?
- ◆ What about some bread with butter and honey?
- ◆ Do you like having sausage sandwiches?
- ◆ Want some cucumbers and tomatoes?
- ◆ What do you like drinking most?
- ◆ Can I have some cheese and olives?
- ◆ Do you want your tea with lemon?

Biraz salatalık ve domates ister misin?

1. *Want some cucumbers and tomatoes?*

Çayla bir ay çöreği alabilir miyim?

2. *Can I have a croissant with tea?*

Kahvaltıda ne yemeyi seversin?

3. *What do you like having for breakfast?*

Sosisli sandviç yemeyi sever misin?

4. *Do you like having sausage sandwiches?*

Çayınızı limonla ister misiniz?

9. *Do you want your tea with lemon?*

Biraz sütlü kahve ister misin?

5. *Do you want some coffee with milk?*

En çok ne içmeyi seversin?

6. *What do you like drinking most?*

Biraz peynir ve zeytin alabilir miyim?

7. *Can I have some cheese and olives?*

Kahvaltıda ne yersin?

8. *What do you have for breakfast?*

Biraz tereyağlı ballı ekmeğe ne dersin?

10. *What about some bread with butter and honey?*

9 Doğru Cevap



MÜKEMMEL

7 Doğru Cevap



İYİ

4 Doğru Cevap



GELİŞTİRİLMELİ

1-2 Doğru Cevap



KONU TEKRARI

Exercise 8:

Look at the pictures in the diagram. Ask and answer as in the example. (Diyagramdaki resimlere bakalım. Örnekteki gibi soru soralım ve cevaplayalım.)

DO YOU LIKE ... ?

QUESTIONS

1. Do you like omelettes?
(Omlet sever misin?)

2. Do you like olives?
(Zeytin sever misin?)

3. Do you like muffins?
(Kek sever misin?)

4. Do you like sausages?
(Sosisli sever misin?)

5. Do you like cheese?
(Peynir sever misin?)

6. Do you like orange juice?
(Portakal suyu sever misin?)

7. Do you like honey?
(Bal sever misin?)

8. Do you like tea?
(Çay sever misin?)

9. Do you like croissants?
(Kruvasan sever misin?)

10. Do you like bagels?
(Simit sever misin?)

omelettes ✗

olives ✓

muffins ✓

sausages ✗

cheese ✓

orange juice ✗

honey ✓

tea ✗

croissants ✗

bagels ✓

ANSWERS

1. No, I don't like omelettes.
(Hayır, omlet sevmem.)

2. Yes, I like olives.
(Evet, zeytin severim.)

3. Yes, I like muffins.
(Evet, kek severim.)

4. No, I don't like sausages.
(Hayır, sosisli sevmem.)

5. Yes, I like cheese.
(Evet, peynir severim.)

6. No, I don't like orange juice.
Hayır, portakal suyu sevmem.

7. Yes, I like honey.
(Evet, bal severim.)

8. No, I don't like tea.
(Hayır, çay sevmem.)

9. No, I didn't like croissants.
(Hayır kruvasan sevmem.)

10. Yes, I like bagels.
(Evet, simit severim.)

boring



boring

(sıkıcı)

building



building

bina

busy



busy

meşgul

calm



calm

sakin

cheap



cheap

ucuz

Exercise 1:

Write the opposites of the adjectives.
(Sıfatların zıtlarını yazalım.)

- low ✘ high
- calm ✘ angry
- short ✘ tall
- cheap ✘ expensive
- hot ✘ cold
- big ✘ small
- exciting ✘ boring
- dirty ✘ clean
- dangerous ✘ safe
- ugly ✘ beautiful
- old ✘ young
- stressful ✘ peaceful

Exercise 2:

Write the comparative forms of the adjectives below.
(Aşağıdaki sıfatların karşılaştırmalı hâllerini yazalım.)

- clean cleaner
- short shorter
- fat fatter
- cold colder
- big bigger
- busy busier
- noisy noisier
- exciting more exciting
- nice nicer
- dirty dirtier
- crowded more crowded
- quiet more quiet

city



city

şehir

clean



clean

temiz

cold



cold

soğuk

comfortable



comfortable

rahat

exciting



exciting

heyecan verici

downtown



downtown

şehir merkezi

dirty



dirty

kirli

crowded



crowded

kalabalık

countryside



countryside

kırsal kesim

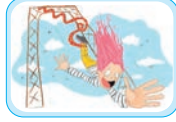
expensive



expensive

pahalı

high



high

Yüksek

hot



hot

sıcak

kiosk



kiosk

köşk

large



large

büyük

low



low

düşük

noisy



noisy

gürültülü

peaceful



peaceful

huzurlu, sakin

quiet



quiet

sessiz olmak

relaxing



relaxing

rahatlatıcı

skyscraper



skyscraper

gökdelen

town



town

kasaba

traffic jam



traffic jam

trafik yoğunluğu

village



village

köy

Exercise 3: Choose the correct word and rewrite each sentence with its Turkish meaning. (Doğru kelimeyi seçelim ve her cümleyi Türkçe anlamıyla yeniden yazalım.)

1. I think life in downtown is quite **calm** / peaceful / stressful.

3. There are many **small** / low / high buildings in New York.

5. A skyscraper is a very **tall** / short / low building.

7. İstanbul is more **peaceful** / relaxing / crowded than Ankara.

2. London is not a cheap **village** / city / countryside.

4. Mary wants to **sell** / stay / rent a big house in uptown.

6. Village life is **harder** / easier / more expensive than city life.

8. A park is **quieter** / noisier / dirtier than a shopping mall.

1. I think life in downtown is quite stressful.

(Bence kent merkezinde yaşam oldukça stresli.)

2. There are many high buildings in New York.

New York'ta birçok yüksek bina var.

3. A skyscraper is a very tall building.

Bir gökdelen çok uzundur.

4. İstanbul is more crowded than Ankara.

İstanbul Ankara'dan daha kalabalıktır.

5. London is not a cheap city.

Londra ucuz bir şehir değildir.

6. Marry wants to rent a big house in uptown.

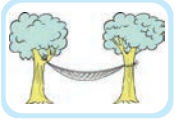
Marry şehir merkezinde büyük bir ev kiralamak istiyor.

7. Village life is harder than city life.

Köy yaşamı şehir yaşamından daha zordur.

8. A park is quieter than a shopping mall.

Bir park alışveriş merkezinden daha sessizdir.



comfortable

konforlu



dirty

kirlî



boring

sıkıcı



town

kasaba

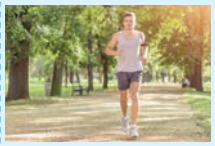


traffic jam

trafik yoğunluğu

Exercise 4:

What are the people doing? Describe them using the phrases in the boxes. (İnsanlar ne yapıyor? Kutucukların içindeki ifadeleri kullanarak onları anlatalım.)



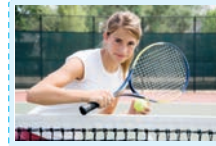
Martin



Katie



Brian



Susan



Alicia



Steve



Linda



Oscar

play tennis

read a newspaper

paint a picture

skip a rope

swim in the pool

play the guitar

fly a kite

run in the park

- Martin is running in the park now. (Martin şu anda parkta koşuyor.)
- Katie is flying a kite at the now. (Katie şu anda uçurtma uçuruyor.)
- Brian is reading a newspaper at home (Brian evde gazete okuyor.)
- Susan is playing tennis. (Susan tenis oynuyor.)
- Alicia is painting a picture now. (Alicia şu anda resim yapıyor.)
- Steve is playing the guitar. (Steve şu anda gitar çalıyor.)
- Linda is skipping a rope. (Linda ip atlıyor.)
- Oscar is swimming at the pool. (Oscar havuzda yüzüyor.)



high

yüksek



expensive

pahalı



building

bina



peaceful

huzurlu



noisy

gürültülü



large

büyük



exciting

heyecan verici



low

düşük



relaxing

rahatlatıcı



town

kasaba



hot

sıcak



cheap

ucuz



calm

sakin



clean

temiz

Exercise 5:

Look at the pictures and write comparison sentences using the given clues. (Resimlere bakalım ve ipuçlarını kullanarak karşılaştırma cümleleri yazalım.)



kiosk

köşk

the buildings / cities
/ high / towns



1



The buildings are higher
in cities than in towns.



quiet

sessiz olmak

the village / quite /
clean / the city



2



The villages are quieter and
cleaner than the cities.



downtown

şehir merkezi

the city life / enjoyable
/ the village life



4



The city life are more enjoyable
than the village life.



skyscraper

gökdelen

vegetables / healthy /
the village / the city



5



The village vegetables are
healthier than the city.



village

köy



crowded

kalabalık



countryside

kırsal kesim



cold

soğuk



busy

meşgul

the shops / London /
busy / expensive / Rome



6



The shops London are busier and
more expensive than the shops Rome.

Exercise 6:

Look at the pictures and write the dialogues into the correct boxes with their Turkish meanings. (Resimlere bakalım ve diyalogları Türkçe anlamlarıyla doğru kutulara yazalım.)

A: What is she doing?

B: She is doing the ironing.

A: Is he watering the flowers?

B: Yes, he is.

A: Are they swing in the park?

B: No, they're walking the dog.

A: Is she waiting in the line?

B: Yes, she is.

A: What is he doing?

B: He is reading a book.

A: What are you doing?

B: I'm fishing in the lake.

PICTURES

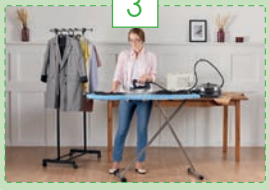
1



2



3



4



5



6



DIALOGUES

A: What is he doing? (O ne yapıyor?)

B: He is reading a book. (O kitap okuyor.)

A: Are they swing in the park. (Onlar salıncakta sallanıyor mu?)

B: No, they're walking the dog. (Hayır onlar köpekle yürüyüş yapıyorlar.)

A: What is he doing? (O ne yapıyor?)

B: She is doing the ironing. (O ütü yapıyor.)

A: What are you doing? (Ne yapıyorsun?)

B: I'm fishing in the lake. (Gölde balık avlıyorum.)

A: Is she waiting in the line? (O sırada mı bekliyor?)

B: Yes, she is. (Evet, öyle)

A: Is he watering the flowers? (O çiçekleri mi suluyor?)

B: Yes, she is. (Evet, öyle.)

Exercise 7:

Choose the correct one for the blanks and rewrite the sentences with their Turkish meanings. (Boşluklar için doğru olanı seçelim ve cümleleri Türkçe anlamlarıyla yeniden yazalım.)

1. City life is more enjoyable than country life.

- ★ warmer
- ★ **more enjoyable**
- ★ more crowded

City life is more enjoyable than country life. (Şehir yaşamı kırsal yaşamdan daha eğlencelidir.)

2. Hotels in Muğla is more expensive than hotels in Ankara.

- ★ more stressful
- ★ shorter
- ★ **more expensive**

Hotels in Muğla is more expensive than hotels in Ankara. (Muğladaki oteller Ankaradaki otellerden daha pahalıdır.)

3. My sister is fatter than my brother. She is not thin.

- ★ **fatter**
- ★ younger
- ★ taller

My sister is fatter than my brother. She is not thin. (Benim kız kardeşim erkek kardeşimden daha şişmandır. O zayıf değil.)

4. The buildings are higher in big cities than in small towns.

- ★ healthier
- ★ colder
- ★ **higher**

The buildings are higher in big cities than in small towns. Büyük şehirlerdeki yapılar küçük şehirlerdekinden daha yüksektir.

5. In the country, the weather is cleaner than the city.

- ★ bigger
- ★ dirtier
- ★ **cleaner**

In the country the weather is cleaner than the city. (Köylerde hava şehirlerden daha temizdir.)

6. People are busier in big cities than in towns. They're in a hurry.

- ★ **busier**
- ★ more peaceful
- ★ more relaxing

People are busier in big cities than in towns. They're in a hurry. (Büyükşehirdeki insanlar kasabadaki insanlardan daha meşguldür, onlar bir telaş içerisinde.)

7. Villages are calmer than big cities because there is no traffic.

- ★ noisier
- ★ **calmer**
- ★ more exciting

Villages are calmer than big cities because there is no traffic. (Köyler şehirlerden daha sakin, çünkü trafik yoktur.)

Etkinlikte Doğru Yaptıklarımın Aldığım Puan (Her doğru cevap 10 puandır.)

50-60 Puan: Tebrikler, "Karşılaştırma Yapma" konusunu kavramışsın!

30-40 Puan: Konuyu daha iyi kavrayabilmek için biraz daha çalışmalısın.

10-20 Puan: Konu tekrarı yapma etkinliği tekrardan çözmelisin.

Aldığım Puan:

.....

angry



angry

(kızgın)

anxious



anxious

endişeli

cloudy



cloudy

bulutlu

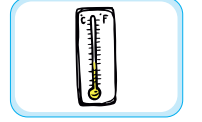
cold



cold

serin

cool



cool

ılık

Exercise 1:

Arrange the words and write their Turkish meanings. (Kelimeleri düzenleyelim ve onların Türkçe anlamlarını yazalım.)

- a. nusyn → sunny - güneşli
- b. irgnps → spring - ilkbahar
- c. rmoyst → stormy - fırtınalı
- d. efzgerin → freezing - dondurucu
- e. yodmo → moody - huysuz
- f. trweni → winter - kış
- g. aiyrn → rainy - yağmurlu
- h. goygf → foggy - sisli
- i. rnyag → angry - kızgın
- j. dycolu → cloudy - vykulu
- k. eyleps → sleepy - vykulu
- l. tienwr → windy - rüzgârlı

Exercise 2:

Complete the dialogue with the words. (Diyaloğu kelimelerle tamamlayalım.)

rainy (x2)

cold

moody

weather

feel

excited

repeat

Hailey: What is the (1) weather like in London in autumn?

Peter: It is (2) rainy and cold.

Hailey: I don't get it. Can you (3) repeat that, please?

Peter: Sure. It is rainy and (4) cold.

Hailey: How do you (5) feel in (6) rainy weather?

Peter: I feel (7) moody and sleepy. What about you?

Hailey: Me? Well, I feel (8) excited on rainy days. It is my favourite weather condition.

depressed



depressed

kederli, üzgün

energetic



energetic

enerjik

excited



excited

heyecanlı

fall / autumn



fall autumn

sonbahar

hot



hot

sıcak

happy



happy

mutlu

hailing



hailing

dolu

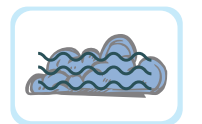
freezing



freezing

dondurucu

foggy



foggy

sisli

lightning



lightning

şimşek

moody



moody

hırsız

rainy



rainy

yağmurlu

sad



sad

üzgün

scared



scared

korkmuş

snowy



snowy

karlı

spring



spring

ilkbahar

stormy



stormy

fırtınalı

sunny



sunny

güneşli

surprised



surprised

şaşırmış

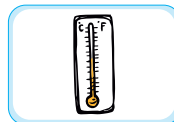
tired



tired

yorgun

warm



warm

ılık

windy



windy

rüzgârlı

winter



winter

kış

Exercise 3:

Choose the correct words and write the Turkish meanings of the sentences. (Doğru kelimeleri seçelim ve cümlelerin Türkçe anlamlarını yazalım.)



1

I feel **happy** / **scared** on sunny days, so I like this weather condition.

happy - Güneşli günlerde mutlu hissedirim bu yüzden bu hava koşulunu severim.



2

The weather is **snowy** / **windy** today. It is time to play snowball.

snowy - Hava bugün karlı. Kar topu oynama zamanı.



3

It isn't **rainy** / **sunny** in the desert, but it is snowy at the Poles.

rainy - Çöller yağmurlu değildir ama kutuplar karlıdır.



4

The weather is snowy and freezing in Kars in **autumn** / **winter**.

winter - Kars'ta kışın hava soğuk ve dondurucudur.



5

It is a bad day for going camping. The weather is **stormy** / **warm**.

stormy - Kampa gitmek için kötü bir gün. Hava fırtınalı.



6

It is **cloudy** / **rainy** today. Take your umbrella when you go out.

rainy - Bugün hava yağmurlu. Dışarı çıktığında şemsiyeni al.



fall / autumn
sonbahar



foggy
sisli



hailing
dolu



winter
kış



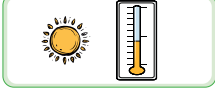
sleepy
uykulu

Exercise 4:

Do the exercise as in the example. (Alıştırmayı örnekteki gibi yapalım.)

WHAT IS THE WEATHER LIKE TODAY?

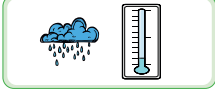
1



It's sunny and warm.
(Hava güneşli ve ılık.)

- ★ It's cloudy and warm. (Hava bulutlu ve ılık)
- ★ It's sunny and hot. (Hava güneşli ve sıcak)
- ★ It's sunny and warm. (Hava güneşli ve ılık.)

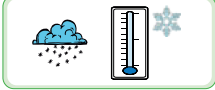
2



It is rainy and cool
Hava yağmurlu ve ılık

- ★ It's rainy and cool. (Hava yağmurlu ve serin.)
- ★ It's snowy and cold. (Hava karlı ve soğuk.)
- ★ It's rainy and warm. (Hava yağmurlu ve ılık.)

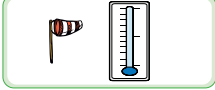
3



It's snowy and freezing.
Hava karlı ve dondurucu

- ★ It's cloudy and warm. (Hava bulutlu ve ılık.)
- ★ It's windy and cool. (Hava rüzgârlı ve serin.)
- ★ It's snowy and freezing. (Hava karlı ve dondurucu.)

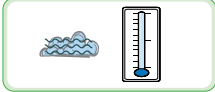
4



It's windy and cold.
Hava rüzgârlı ve soğuk

- ★ It's windy and cold. (Hava rüzgârlı ve soğuk)
- ★ It's cloudy and warm. (Hava bulutlu ve ılık.)
- ★ It's sunny and hot. (Hava güneşli ve sıcak.)

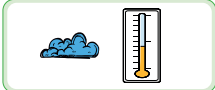
5



It's cloudy and cool.
(Hava bulutlu ve serin.)

- ★ It's cloudy and cool. (Hava bulutlu ve serin.)
- ★ It's windy and cold. (Hava rüzgârlı ve soğuk.)
- ★ It's foggy and cold. (Hava sisli ve soğuk.)

6



It's cloudy and warm.
(Hava bulutlu ve ılık.)

- ★ It's foggy and cold. (Hava sisli ve soğuk.)
- ★ It's cloudy and warm. (Hava bulutlu ve ılık.)
- ★ It's windy and cool. (Hava rüzgârlı ve serin.)



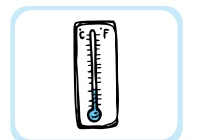
moody
huysuz



desert
çöl



depressed
kederli, üzgün



warm
ılık



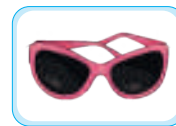
poles
kutuplar



angry
kızgın



cold
soğuk



sunglasses
güneş gözlüğü



energetic
enerjik



sunny

güneşli



snowy

karlı



sad

üzgün



rainy

yağmurlu



spring

ilkbahar



stormy

fırtınalı



lightening

şimşek



windy

rüzgârlı



scared

korkmuş



hot

sıcak



anxious

endişeli



cloudy

bulutlu



tired

yorgun

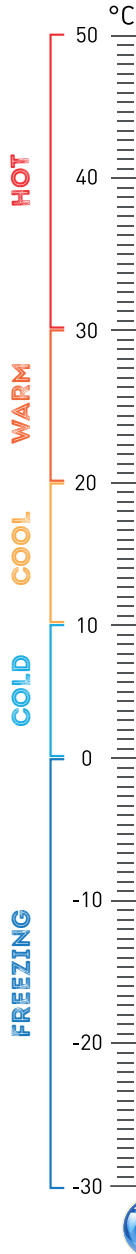


surprised

şaşırmış

Exercise 5:

Look at the thermometer, weather table and the symbols on it. Complete the dialogues.
(Termometreye, hava tablosuna ve üzerindeki sembollere bakalım. Diyalogları tamamlayalım.)



Moscow -17 °C

Peter: What is the weather like in Moscow?
Anastasia: (1) It is snowy and freezing.
Peter: What is the temperature there?
Anastasia: (2) It is -17 degrees.

London 6 °C

Amy: What is the weather like in London?
David: (1) It is rainy and warm.
Amy: What's the temperature in London?
David: (2) It is 6 degrees.

Ankara 13 °C








Sofia: How is the weather in Ankara today?
Mehmet: (1) It is windy and cold.
Sofia: What's the temperature?
Mehmet: (2) It is 13 degrees.

Cairo 35 °C

Tina: How is the weather in Cairo today?
Yafeu: (1) It is sunny and hot.
Tina: What's the temperature?
Yafeu: (2) It is 35 degrees.

Exercise 6:

Do the exercise as in the example. (Alistirmayi örnekteki gibi yapalım.)

LONDON WEATHER CHART						
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
						

Good morning, dear audiences! Here is the weather forecast for the next week in London. On Monday, it is (1) foggy and cold. On Tuesday, it is (2) cloudy and cool. It is (3) sunny and hot on Wednesday. Wear your jacket on Thursday because the weather is (4) windy and cold. The weather is (5) rainy and warm on Friday. Don't forget to take your umbrella when you go out. On Saturday, it is (6) snowy and freezing. Stay at home! On Sunday, the weather is (7) cloudy and warm. Have a good day. Goodbye for now!



A. What is the weather like in London on Monday? (Pazartesi Londra'da hava nasıl?)

It is foggy and cold. (Sisli ve soğuk.)

B. What is the weather like in London on Tuesday? (Salı Londra'da hava nasıl?)

It is cloudy and cool. (Bulutlu ve serin.)

C. What is the weather like in London on Wednesday? (Çarşamba Londra'da hava nasıl?)

It is sunny and hot. (Güneşli ve sıcak.)

D. What is the weather like in London on Thursday? (Perşembe Londra'da hava nasıl?)

It is windy and cold. (Rüzgârlı ve soğuk.)

E. What is the weather like in London on Friday? (Cuma Londra'da hava nasıl?)

It is rainy and warm. (Yağmurlu ve ılık.)

F. What is the weather like in London on Saturday? (Cumartesi Londra'da hava nasıl?)

It is snowy and freezing. (Karlı ve dondurucu)

G. What is the weather like in London on Sunday? (Pazar Londra'da hava nasıl?)

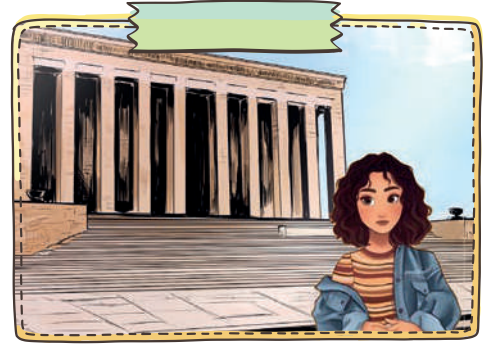
It is cloudy and warm. (Bulutlu ve ılık)

Exercise 7:

Read the paragraphs and answer the questions. (Paragrafları okuyalım ve soruları cevaplayalım.)



Questions and Answers



Hi! My name is Gyasi. I live in Cairo, the capital of Egypt. In summer, I feel angry and anxious because it is sunny and very hot. I love rainy weather, so winter is my favourite season. I feel happy and excited on rainy days. However, spring is one of the best times to visit Cairo because it is typically warm.

Hello, I'm Jale from Turkey. I live in Ankara with my family. It is windy and cool in Ankara in autumn. I feel moody and anxious in windy weather. In spring, the weather is fabulous because it is sunny and warm. So, it's my favourite season. It is snowy and freezing in winter. I feel scared in snowy weather.

1. What is the weather like in Cairo in summer?

It is sunny and very hot.

5. Is the weather cold in Ankara and Cairo in spring?

No, it isn't.

2. How does Jale feel in windy weather?

She feels angry and anxious.

6. How does Gyasi feel on rainy days?

She feels happy and excited.

3. Why does Gyasi like winter season most?

Because she loves rainy weather.

7. Does Jale like snowy weather?

No, she doesn't like.

4. How is the weather in Ankara in spring?

It is sunny and warm.

8. Why is spring one of the best times to visit Cairo?

Because it is typically warm.

Bu etkinlikten öğrendim.

amazing



amazing

(harika)

bored



bored

sıkılmış

boring



boring

(sıkıcı)

bumper car



bumper car

Çarpışan araba

carnival



carnival

karnaval

Exercise 1:

Write the English meanings of the sentences. (Cümlelerin İngilizce anlamlarını yazalım.)

There is a carnival in downtown.	Ghost train is my favourite.
I don't like ghost trains.	Funfairs are very noisy places.
I think the Ferris wheel is very boring.	Roller coaster is a dangerous fun ride.
Funfairs are crazy places.	I hate carousels.
I like bumper cars.	I think roller coasters are exciting.

Turkish Meanings

1. Bence hız trenleri heyecan verici.
2. Atlı karıncalardan nefret ederim.
3. Lunaparklar çılgınca yerler.
4. Bence dönme dolap çok sıkıcı.
5. Hayalet trenleri sevmem.
6. Hız treni tehlikeli bir eğlence aracı.
7. Lunaparklar çok gürültülü yerler.
8. Hayalet tren benim en sevdiğimdir.
9. Şehir merkezinde bir karnaval var.
10. Çarpışan arabaları severim.

English Meanings

1. I think roller coasters are exciting.
2. I hate carousels.
3. Funfairs are crazy places.
4. I think the Ferris wheel is very boring.
5. I don't like ghost trains.
6. Roller coaster is a dangerous fun ride.
7. Funfairs are very noisy places.
8. Ghost train is my favourite.
9. There is a carnival in downtown.
10. I like bumper cars.

carousel



carousel

atlı karınca

clown



clown

palyaço

crazy



crazy

çılgın

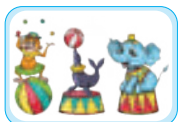
dangerous



dangerous

tehlikeli

fantastic



fantastic

fantastik

funfair



funfair

lunapark

exciting



exciting

heyecan verici

excited



excited

heyecanlı

dull



dull

sıkılmış

Ferris wheel



Ferris wheel

Dönme dolap

frightening



frightening

korkutucu

fun



fun

eğlence

get on / ride



get on / ride

binmek

ghost train



ghost train

korku treni

horrible



horrible

korkunç

interesting



interesting

ilginç

noisy



noisy

gürültülü

open



open

açık

roller coaster



roller coaster

hız treni

scared



scared

korkmuş

terrifying



terrifying

korkutucu

thrilling



thrilling

heyecanlı

token



token

jeton (bilet)

Exercise 3:

Order the words to make meaningful sentences. (Anlamli cümleler kurmak için kelimeleri sıralayalım.)

1

token / roller coaster / get / I / a / the / want / for / to / .

I want to get a token for the roller coaster.

2

Ferris wheel / think / the / what / about / you / do / ?

What do you think about the Ferris wheel?

3

crazy / are / because / I / places / love / funfairs / they / .

I love funfairs because they are crazy places.

4

carousels / about / and / disagree / you / bumper cars / with / I / .

I disagree with you about bumper cars and carousels.

5

think / are / roller coasters / I / more / than / ghost trains / terrifying / .

I think roller coasters are more terrifying than ghost trains.

6

they / the / bumper cars / like / getting on / because / I / fun / are / .

I like getting on bumper cars because they are fun.



crazy

çılgınca



clown

palyaço



excited

heyecanlı



open

açık



carnival

karnaval

Exercise 4:

Do the exercise as in the example. (Alıştırmayı örnekteki gibi yapalım.)



1

Melih - exciting

Melih thinks the roller coaster is exciting.



2

Buket - boring

Buket thinks the Ferris wheel is boring.



3

Darren - frightening

Darren think the ghost train is frightening.



4

Audrey - thrilling

Audrey think the bumper car is thrilling.



5

Mehmet - amazing

Mehmet thinks carousels are amazing.



6

Paige - fun

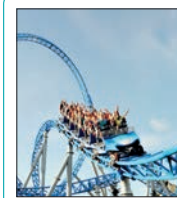
Paige thinks ghost train is fun.



7

Lauren - fantastic

Lauren thinks bumper car is fantastic.



8

Kenan - thrilling

Kenan thinks roller coaster is thrilling.



thrilling

heyecanlı



fantastic

fantastik



roller coaster

hız treni



exciting

heyecan verici



dull

sıkılmış



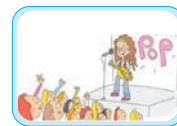
terrifying

korkutucu



frightening

korkutucu



fun

eğlence



interesting

ilginç



Ferris wheel

Dönme dolap



Bumper car

Çarpışan araba



Token

Jeton



Ghost train

Korku treni



Horrible

Korkunç



Noisy

Gürültülü



get on / ride

binmek



bored

sıkılmış



scared

Korkmuş



carousel

atlı karınca



roller coaster

hız treni



amazing

harika



funfair

lunapark



boring

sıkıcı

Exercise 5:

Complete the dialogues using the given sentences. (Verilen cümleleri kullanarak diyalogları tamamlayalım.)

1.

Audrey: I think the ghost train is very horrible.

Mike: I don't agree with you. I think it's crazy because of strange creatures.

2.

Daniel: I love funfairs because there are many fun things at the fairs.

Brian: I agree with you. They are fantastic places.

3.

Oscar: I love fast rides. What do you think about roller coasters?

Victoria: I think they are dangerous and scary.

It is quite boring.

What do you think about roller coasters?

I don't agree with you.

I hate them.

They are my favourite.

I agree with you.

4.

Mandy: I think bumper cars are very thrilling and fun.

Kevin: I agree with you. They are my favourite.

5.

Paige: I think the train ride is not interesting.

William: Yes, you are absolutely right. I hate them.

6.

Susan: I think Ferris wheels are childish.

Fiona: I think so. It is quite boring.

Exercise 6: Look at the poster and answer the questions. (Postere bakalım ve soruları cevaplayalım.)

THE FANTASTIC FUNFAIR

FUN RIDES

- ★ Roller coaster
- ★ Ghost train
- ★ Bumper cars
- ★ Ferris wheel
- ★ Carousel
- ★ Train ride

FOOD AND DRINKS

- ★ Popcorn
- ★ Cotton candies
- ★ Lemonade
- ★ Orange juice

Date: July 1st - 15th
 Place: Downtown
 Time: 9 a.m. - 11 p.m.

1 Token = \$5
 10 Tokens = \$45
 All rides only 1 token

1. When is the funfair?
It is between 1st and 15th of July.
2. Where is the funfair?
It is in downtown.
3. What time does the funfair open?
It opens 9 a.m.
4. How much is a fun ride?
It is five dollars.
5. Which fun rides can people get on at the funfair?
People can ride Roller coaster, Ghost train, bumper cars, Ferris wheel, Carousel and Train ride.
6. What can people eat at the funfair?
They can eat popcorn and cotton candies.
7. Is there anything to drink at the funfair?
Yes, there is lemonade and orange juice.

Exercise 7: Fill in the blanks with the comparative forms of the given adjectives. (Verilen sıfatların karşılaştırmalı şekilleriyle boşlukları dolduralım.)

**Comparative
Forms
of The
Adjectives**

1. I think the train ride is **more boring** (boring) than the carousel.
2. The roller coaster is **more fantastic** (fantastic) than the Ferris wheel.
3. Bumper cars are **faster** (fast) than carousels.
4. Ghost trains are **more frightening** (frightening) than roller coasters.
5. Roller coasters are **more exciting** (exciting) than bumper cars.
6. Carousels are **slower** (slow) than roller coasters and bumper cars.
7. The Ferris wheel is **more thrilling** (thrilling) than the train ride.

Exercise 8:

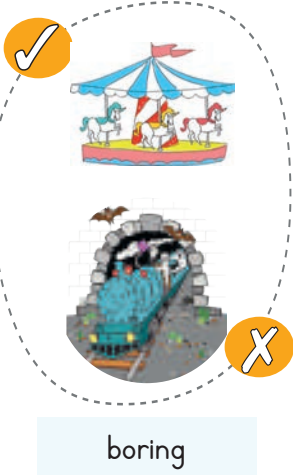
Look at the pictures and compare the fun rides using the given adjectives. (Resimlere bakalım ve verilen sıfatları kullanarak eğlence araçlarını karşılaştıralım.)



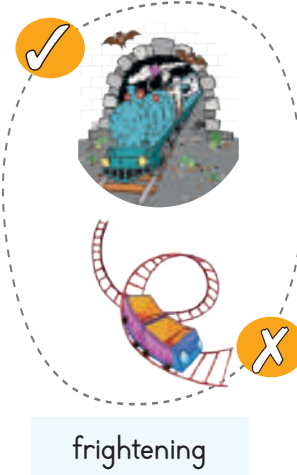
1. Bumper cars
are more exciting
than Ferris wheels.
(Çarpışan arabalar
dönme dolaplardan
daha heyecan
verici.)



2. Roller Coaster is
faster than train. (Hız
treni trendan daha
hızlıdır.)



3. Ghost train are more
boring than. Carou-
sels (hayalet treni
atlıkarıncadan daha
sıkıcıdır.)



4. Ghost train is more
frightening than roller
coaster (hayalet treni
hızlı trenden daha
korkutucudur.)



5. Carousels are safer
than roller coaster
(atlı karınca hızlı tren-
den daha güvenlidir.)



6. Bumper car is more
amazing than Ferris
wheel. (Çarpışan ara-
ba dönme dolaptan
daha büyüleyici)

BECERİLER

Mükemmel

İyi

Orta

Geliştirilmeli

Karşılaştırma sıfatlarını kullanarak iki şeyi kıyaslayabiliyorum.

Eğlence araçlarıyla ilgili karşılaştırma cümleleri kurabiliyorum.

airport



airport
(havaalanı)

architect



architect
mimar

baker



baker
fırıncı

retire



retire
emekli

cook



cook
aşçı

Exercise 1:

Write the Turkish meanings of the jobs.
(Mesleklerin Türkçe anlamlarını yazalım.)

- a. teacher: öğretmen
- b. dentist: dişçi
- c. architect: mimar
- d. tailor: terzi
- e. engineer: mühendis
- f. vet: veteriner
- g. nurse: hemşire
- h. lawyer: avukat
- i. fireman: itfaiyeci
- j. mechanic: tamirci
- k. driver: şoför
- l. salesman: erkek satış elemanı

Exercise 2:

Arrange the words and write their Turkish meanings.
(Kelimeleri düzenleyelim ve Türkçe anlamlarını yazalım.)

1. rfaerm farmer - çiftçi
2. rcodto doctor - doktor
3. maenexi examine - tedavi etmek
4. terire retire - emekli
5. ngmaear manager - menajer
6. rhiradserse hairdresser - kuaför
7. korwer worker - işçi
8. easlsmwona saleswoman - kadın satış elemanı
9. negenire engineer - mühendis
10. rawsites waitress - kadın garson
11. ocko cook - aşçı
12. hatcrict architect - mimar

court



court
mahkeme

dentist



dentist
dişçi

design



design
tasarlamak

driver



driver
şoför

lawyer



lawyer
avukat

hairdresser



hairdresser
kuaför

farmer



farmer
çiftçi

doctor



doctor
doktor

engineer



engineer
mühendis

manager



manager

menajer

mechanic



mechanic

tamirci

nurse



nurse

hemşire

pilot



pilot

pilot

pull out



pull out

çekmek

repair



repair

tamir etmek

salesman



salesman

erkek satış elemanı

saleswoman



saleswoman

kadın satış elemanı

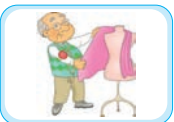
sew



sew

dikmek

tailor



tailor

terzi

vet



vet

veteriner

waiter



waiter

erkek garson

waitress



waitress

kadın garson

worker



worker

işçi

Exercise 3:

Read the given information and write the occupations. (Verilen bilgileri okuyalım ve meslekleri yazalım.)

1.

I can look after patients, but I can't operate on them.

nurse - hemşire

2.

I advice people about law and defend their rights at courts.

lawyer - avukat

3.

I treat the diseases of people's teeth at a dental clinic.

dentist - dişçi

4.

I can prepare delicious meals for customers at a restaurant.

cook - aşçı

5.

I can design and draw the plans of buildings at an office.

architect

6.

I sell things such as clothes, shoes and bags at a big shop.

salesman - erkek satış elemanı

7.

I can examine and operate on ill animals.

vet - veteriner

8.

I can cut, dye and design people's hair at a beauty saloon.

hairdresser - kuaför

9.

I have a garage and I can repair motor vehicles there.

mechanic - tamirci

10.

I grow fruit and vegetables on my farm.

farmer - çiftçi



engineer
mühendis



lawyer
avukat



dentist
dişçi



hairdresser
kuaför



worker
işçi

Exercise 4:

Complete the blanks using the given expressions. (Verilen ifadeleri kullanarak boşlukları tamamlayalım.)

- ◆ sew nice dresses and suits
- ◆ repair vehicles
- ◆ take care of animals
- ◆ grow fruit and vegetables
- ◆ pull out the teeth
- ◆ teach students
- ◆ make projects of buildings
- ◆ serve food and drinks
- ◆ examine patients
- ◆ help people about the clothes, sizes and colours



farmer
çiftçi



airport
havaalanı



mechanic
tamirci



architect
mimar



retire
emekli

ABILITIES

EXPRESSING ABILITIES ABOUT OCCUPATIONS

1. I am a teacher. I can **teach** students.

2. I am a vet. I can **take care of animals**.

3. I am an architect. I can **make projects** of buildings.

4. I am a farmer. I can **grow fruit and** vegetables.

5. I am a waitress. I can **serve food and** drinks.

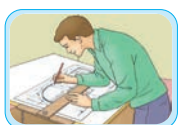
6. I am a doctor. I can **examine patients**.

7. I am a tailor. I can **sew nice dresses and** suits.

8. I am a salesman. I can **help people** about the clothes, sizes and colours.

9. I am a mechanic. I can **repair vehicles**.

10. I am a dentist. I can **pull out the teeth**.



design
tasarlamak



doctor
doktor



cook
aşçı



nurse
hemşire



pilot

pilot



repair

tamir etmek



salesman

erkek satış elemanı



pull out

dış çekmek



sew

dikmek



waiter

erkek garson



court

mahkeme



manager

menajer



tailor

terzi



waitress

bayan garson



vet

veteriner



saleswoman

kadın satış elemanı



driver

şöför



baker

fırın

Exercise 5:

Make sentences using the clues in the information cards. (Bilgi kartlarındaki ipuçlarını kullanarak cümleler kuralım.)

I am an engineer.

I am a salesman.

I am an architect.

I am a farmer.

I am a doctor.

I am a mechanic.

I am a vet.

I am a tailor.

I am a waiter.

make projects of buildings

1. I am an architect.
I can make projects
of buildings.

serve food and drinks

2. I am a waiter. I can
serve food and drinks.

sew nice dresses and suits

3. I am a tailor. I can sew
nice dresses and suits.

sell things at a market

4. I am a salesman. I can
sell things at a market.

take care of animals

5. I am a vet. I can take
care of animals.

operate on ill people

6. I am a doctor. I can
operate on ill people.

grow fruit and vegetables

7. I am a farmer. I can grow
fruit and vegetables.

repare motor vehicles

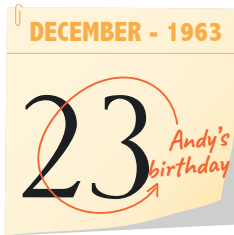
8. I am a mechanic. I can
repare motor vehicles.

build bridges and roads

9. I am an engineer. I can
build bridges and roads.

Exercise 6:

Look at the calendars and write the dates in the blanks. (Takvimlere bakalım ve boşluklara tarihleri yazalım.)



1. Andy was born on the
twenty third of December,
nineteen sixty three .
2. Mary was born on
seventeen th of November,
nineteen sixty,..... .
3. Bety was born on
twenty seven th of April,.....
nineteen ninety five,..... .



4. Gina was born on
nineteen th of May, nineteen
eighty,..... .
5. Ethan was born on
fourth of August, two thousand
eighteen,..... .
6. Hailey was born on
thirty one th of January two
thousand and twenty,..... .

Exercise 7:

Read the speeches and write the correct occupations opposite the names. (Konuşmaları okuyalım ve isimlerin karşısına doğru meslekleri yazalım.)

<p>1. Alice: I can prepare delicious meals in the kitchen of a restaurant or a hotel.</p>	<p>1. Alice →</p>	<p>She is a cook.</p>
<p>2. Peter: I can answer the telephones and organize my boss' meetings.</p>	<p>2. Peter →</p>	<p>He is a manager.</p>
<p>3. Chloe: I can cut and sew fabric to make nice dresses and suits for people.</p>	<p>3. Chloe →</p>	<p>She is a tailor.</p>
<p>4. Daniel: I can use cars, buses and lorries, but I can't repair them.</p>	<p>4. Daniel →</p>	<p>He is a mechanic.</p>
<p>5. Lauren: I can look after ill people, but I can't operate on them.</p>	<p>5. Lauren →</p>	<p>She is a nurse.</p>
<p>6. Steve: I can defend people's rights at courts, but I can't arrest guilties.</p>	<p>6. Steve →</p>	<p>He is a lawyer</p>

Exercise 8:

Read the paragraph. Fill in the blanks using the phrases below. (Paragrafı okuyalım. Aşağıdaki ifadeleri kullanarak boşlukları dolduralım.)

Hello, my name is Arthur Doyle. I'm twelve years old. I'm a secondary school student. I'm in the sixth grade. I live in London with my family. I have a big family. My dad is an engineer. He was born on 22nd December, 1963. My mom has many students. She can teach them a lot of things at school. She was born on 11th April, 1969. My brother is an architect. He was born on 13th April, 2001. My grandfather was a vet and my grandmother was a tailor eight years ago. They are retired now.

1.

Arthur's father can build houses, bridges and roads.

2.

Arthur's mother is a teacher, so she can teach her students a lot of things at school.

3.

Arthur's dad was born on 22nd December 1963, the twenty second of December, nineteen sixty three.

4.

Arthur's mom was born on 11th April 1969, the eleventh of April nineteen sixty nine.

build houses, bridges and roads

the eleventh of April, nineteen sixty nine

draw the plans of buildings

make beautiful dresses and suits

the thirteenth of April, two thousand and one

looked after ill animals

teach her students a lot of things at school

the twenty second of December, nineteen sixty three

Arthur's brother can draw the plans of buildings.

5.

Arthur's brother was born on 13 th April 2001. The thirteenth of April, two thousand and one.

6.

Arthur's grandma can make beautiful dresses and suits, but she is retired now.

7.

Arthur's grandpa looked after ill animals before he retired.

8.

Kendinizi aldığınız yıldız sayısı ile değerlendiriniz.

1 veya 3 doğru: ★

5 veya 6 doğru: ★★

7 doğru: ★★★

Aldığım yıldız sayısı →

1 doğru → 7 doğru → 

ancient



ancient

(tarihi)

attend / join



attend / join

katılmak

camping



camping

kamp yapmak

climb



climb

tırmanmak

cycling



cycling

bisiklete binme

Exercise 1:

Write the English meanings of the words. (Kelimelerin İngilizce anlamlarını yazalım.)

- ◆ pick ◆ sunbath ◆ diving ◆ snowman ◆ sightseeing ◆ hiking
◆ sailing ◆ seaside ◆ forest ◆ tent ◆ fishing ◆ camping ◆ skiing

Turkish Meanings

1. güneşlenmek
2. doğa yürüyüşü
3. yelkencilik
4. toplamak
5. kardan adam
6. deniz kenarı
7. kayak yapma
8. balık tutma
9. dalış yapma
10. orman
11. kamp yapma
12. çadır
13. turistik yerleri gezip görme

English Meanings

1. sunbath
2. hiking
3. sailing
4. pick
5. snowman
6. seaside
7. skiing
8. fishing
9. diving
10. forest
11. camping
12. tent
13. sightseeing

diving



diving

dalmak

do gardening



do gardening

bahçivancılık yapmak

fascinating



fascinating

büyüleyici

fishing



fishing

balık tutmak

rafting



rafting

rafting

pick



pick

toplamak

mountain



mountain

dağ

hiking



hiking

doğa yürüyüşü

go sightseeing



go sightseeing

Turistik yerleri geziye gitmek

sailing



sailing

yelkenli

sandcastle



sandcastle

kumdan kale

scuba diving



scuba diving

tüple dalış

seaside



seaside

deniz kenarı

skiing



skiing

kayak yapmak

snowball



snowball

kartopu

snowman



snowman

kardan adam

stay



stay

kalmak

sunbath



sunbath

güneşlenmek

swimming



swimming

yüzmek

take a photo



take a photo

fotoğraf çekmek

tent



tent

çadır

visit



visit

ziyaret etmek

windsurfing



windsurfing

rüzgar sörtü

Exercise 2:

Look at the chart and write a speech for each person as in the example. (Tabloya bakalım ve örnekteki gibi her kişi için bir konuşma yazalım.)

Name	Where were you on your holiday?	Who was with you?	What did you do?
Ethan	mountains	my cousin	learn skiing
Chloe	seaside	my parents	swim in the sea
Hakan	forest	my friends	make a camp
Leyla	lake	my friend, Asu	try sailing
Robert	my grandpa's farm	my sister	go horse riding
Nancy	Antalya	my parents	join sightseeing tour
Metin	my uncle's village	my brother	pick fruits from the trees in the forest
Gloria	river	my parents	go fishing

- Ethan: I was on the mountains with my cousin on my holiday. I learnt skiing.
- Chloe: I was at the seaside with my parents on my holiday. I swam in the sea.
- Hakan: I was in forest with my friends. We made a camp.
- Leyla: I was on lake with my friend, Asu. I tried sailing.
- Robert: I was in my grandpa's farm with my sister. We went have riding.
- Nancy: I was in Antalya with my parents. We joined sightseeing tour.
- Metin: I was in my uncle's village with my brother. We picked fruits from the threes in the forest.
- Gloria: I was in river with my parents. We went to fishing.



climb

tırmanmak



pick

toplamak



hiking

doğa yürüyüşü yapmak



camping

kamp yapmak



snowman

kardan adam

Exercise 3:

Correct the mistakes in the sentences and rewrite them. (Cümlelerdeki hataları düzeltelim ve yeniden yazalım.)

False Sentences

Correct Sentences

1. Did you enjoyed making sandcastles by the seaside last summer?

Did you enjoy making sandcastles by the seaside last summer?

2. My brother didn't went hiking in the mountains two weeks ago.

My brother didn't go hiking in the mountaing two weeks ago.

3. I live in Bodrum, Muğla in 2005 but now I am in Eskişehir.

I lived in Bodrum, Muğla in 2005, but now I am in Eskişehir.

4. I watch the sunrise on the top of Mount Nemrut yesterday.

I watched the sunrise on the top of Mount Nemrut yesterday.

5. I went scuba diving in Kaş with some friends three days later.

I went scuba diving in Kaş with some friends three days ago.

6. Which sports did you tried in Antalya last summer holiday?

Which sports did you try in Antalya last summer holiday.

7. They walked in the forest and around the lake this Saturday.

They walked in the forest and around the lake last Saturday.

8. Where did you preferred going for your winter holiday?

Where did you prefer going for your winter holiday.

The Grammatically Corrected Versions of The Sentences



ancient

tarihi



attend / join

katılmak



rafting

rafting



snowball

kartopu



fishing

balık tutmak



olive

dalmak



mountain

dağ



bicycle

bisiklete binme



sailing

yelkenli



go sight seeing

turistik yerleri geziye
gitmek

sandcastle

kumdan kale



scuba diving

tüple dalış



take a photo

fotoğraf çekmek



tent

çadır



stay

kalmak



windsurfing

rüzgar sörfü



visit

ziyaret etmek



seaside

deniz kenarı



do gardening

bahçivanlık yapmak



skiing

kayak yapmak



fascinating

büyüleyici



swimming

yüzme



sunbath

güneşlenmek

Exercise 4:

Make sentences using the clues in the information cards. (Bilgi kartlarındaki ipuçlarını kullanarak cümleler kuralım.)

Making Sentences

1.

visit / grandparents (✓) / an
ancient city (X) / last weekend

I visited my grandparents,
but I didn't visit an ancient
city last weekend.

2.

play / snowball with friends (✓) / table
tennis with brother (X) / yesterday

I played snowball with my friends but I
didn't play table tennis with my brother
yesterday.

3.

pick / flowers in the forest (✓) / fruits
from the trees (X) / last Sunday

I picked flowers in the forest but I
didn't pick fruits from the trees last
Sunday.

4.

go / hiking in the mountains (✓) /
sightseeing in Madrid (X) / yesterday

I went hiking in the mountains, but I
did not sightseeing in Madrid.

5.

learn / scuba diving (✓) /
sailing (X) / two weeks ago

I learned scuba diving but didn't learn
sailing two weeks ago.

6.

stay / at a hotel (✓) / in a tent (X)
/ on last summer holiday

I stayed at a hotel but I didn't stay in
a tent on last summer holiday.

7.

see / the Louvre Museum (✓) / the
Tower of Eiffel in Paris (X) / last year

I saw the Louvre Museum but I didn't
see the Tower of Eiffel in Paris last year.

8.


attend / an adventure camp (✓) / a
sports camp (X) / last summer holiday

I attended an adventure camp, but
I did not attend a sports camp last
summer holiday.

Exercise 5:

Read the texts and complete the blanks. (Metinleri okuyalım ve boşlukları tamamlayalım.)

- ◆ skiing ◆ a hot air balloon tour ◆ a great time ◆ snowman ◆ his family ◆ horse riding
- ◆ Sweden ◆ her family ◆ Nevşehir, Turkey ◆ great ◆ the fairy chimneys ◆ skateboarding

A  Hello. My name is Lauren. Last summer, I went to Nevşehir, Turkey with my family for holiday. We joined a hot air balloon tour in Göreme. Watching the fairy chimneys from the sky was an amazing experience for all of us. Then, we took a lot of brilliant photos. Finally, we went horse riding in the beautiful valleys. I had a great time there.

1. She was in Nevşehir, Turkey
.....
on her last summer holiday.
2. She went on holiday with
her parents / family
.....
3. She attended a hot air balloon tour
.....
in Göreme, Nevşehir.
4. She enjoyed watching the fairy chimneys
.....
from the sky.
5. She went horse riding
.....
on the last day of her holiday.
6. She had a great time
.....
in Nevşehir on her last holiday.

B  Hi, everybody. I'm Eddie. On winter holiday, I and my family were at a winter sports centre in Sweden. My sister helped me to learn skiing. My dad and my mom went skateboarding. Then, we walked in the snowy forest and made a snowman. The weather was very cold, but our holiday was great. I want to go there again and try different kinds of winter sports.

1. He spent his winter holiday
in sweden
.....
2. He and his family
.....
were at a winter sports centre.
3. He learned skiing
.....
with his sister's help.
4. His parents went skateboarding
.....
at the winter sports centre.
5. They made a snowman
.....
in the snowy forest together.
6. He thinks their winter holiday was
great
.....

Exercise 6:

Make sentences with the words / phrases given. Use the simple past tense form of the verbs. After our friend also completes the activity, let's fill out the evaluation form. (Verilen kelimelerle / ifadelerle cümleler kurunuz. Fiillerin di'li geçmiş zaman şeklini kullanınız. Arkadaşınız da etkinliği yaptıktan sonra değerlendirme formunu doldurunuz.)

My activity sheet

1. near / yesterday / fishing / we / in the river / go / our village / .

We went fishing in the river our village yesterday.

2. with / two days ago / do gardening / my father / I / .

I was gardening with my father two days ago.

3. last Saturday / in front of / they / a / their house / snowman / make / .

They made a snowmen in front of their house last Saturday

4. in the forest / from / when / fruits / be / pick / I / trees / the / I / .

I picked fruits when I was in the forest.

5. be / great time / on holiday / when / have / we / a / we / .

We had a great time when we were on holiday.

My friend's activity sheet

1. in the park / play / my brothers / last weekend / football / .

My brothers played football in the park last weekend.

2. for holiday / in Paris / be / they / take / while / they / a lot of photos / .

While they were in Paris for holiday they took a lot of photos.

3. take / on / a / when / we / the River Nil / boat tour / Egypt / go to / we / .

When we went to Egypt we took a boat tour on the River Nil

4. my cousin / last year / join / Mardin / sightseeing tour / with / I / in / a / .

I joined a sightseeing tour in Mardin with my cousin last year.

5. paragliding / last / his / in Fethiye / summer holiday / John / try / on / .

John tried paragliding on his last summer holiday in Fethiye.

ÖZ VE AKRAN DEĞERLENDİRME FORMU

BEN

ARKADAŞIM

Kelimeleri / ifadeleri doğru sıraya koyabiliyorum / koyabiliyor.

Fiillerin di'li geçmiş zaman hâllerini biliyorum / biliyor.

Geçmişte gerçekleşen olayları yansıtan cümleler kurabiliyorum / kurabiliyor.

author / writer



author / writer

(yazar)

behind



behind

arkasında

between



between

arasında

bookcase



bookcase

kitaplık

bookshop



bookshop

kitapçı

Exercise 1:

Arrange the letters of the words and write their Turkish meanings. (Kelimelerin harflerini düzenleyelim ve Türkçe anlamlarını yazalım.)

Mixed Words

1. snwprpae
2. tsohr rseoits
3. epoty
4. kolo ta
5. cdrintioya
6. vnloe
7. huaotr
8. gmanzeai
9. eliratuetr obko
10. ni rfofn fo
11. shtyor okbo
12. ebndhi
13. kobomorw
14. rbowor

Turkish Meanings

1. newspaper - gazete
2. short stories - Kısa Hikaye
3. poetry - Şiir
4. look at - Bakmak
5. dictionary - Sözlük
6. novel - Roman
7. author - Yazar
8. magazine - Dergi
9. literature book - Edebiyat kitabı
10. in front of - Önünde
11. history book - Tarih kitabı
12. behind - Arkasında
13. Bookworm - Kitap kurdu
14. Borrow - Ödünç almak

bookworm



bookworm

kitap kurdu

borrow



borrow

ödünç almak

dictionary



dictionary

sözlük

e-book



e-book

elektronik kitap

literature book



literature book

edebiyat kitabı

lend



lend

borç vermek

in front of



in front of

önünde

in



in

içinde

history book



history book

tarih kitabı

look at



look at

bakmak

look for



look for

aramak

lose



lose

kaybetmek

magazine



magazine

dergi

near



near

yakınında

newspaper



newspaper

gazete

next to



next to

bitişinde

novel



novel

roman

novelist



novelist

romancı

on



on

üstünde

poetry



poetry

şiiir

short stories



short stories

kısa hikayeler

story book



story book

hikâye kitabı

under



under

altında

Exercise 2:

Fill in the blanks with the prepositions of place according to the pictures. (Resimlere göre boşlukları yer edatlarıyla dolduralım.)

WHERE IS THE BALL?



1

- ★ behind
- ★ under
- ★ in

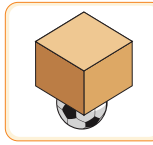
The ball is in the box.
(Top kutunun içinde.)



5

- ★ under
- ★ on
- ★ behind

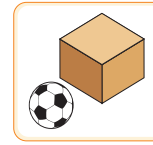
The ball is on the box.
(Top kutunun üzerinde)



2

- ★ near
- ★ under
- ★ behind

The ball is under the box.
(Top kutunun altında.)



6

- ★ next to
- ★ between
- ★ near

The ball is near the box.
(Top kutunun yanında.)



3

- ★ in front of
- ★ behind
- ★ near

The ball is behind the box.
(Top kutunun arkasında.)



7

- ★ in front of
- ★ between
- ★ behind

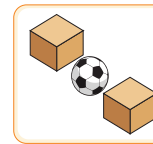
The ball is in front of the box.
(Top kutunun önünde.)



4

- ★ between
- ★ on
- ★ next to

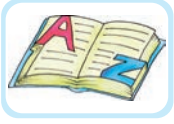
The ball is next to the box.
(Top kutunun bitişinde.)



8

- ★ next to
- ★ between
- ★ near

The ball is between the boxes.
(Top kutunun arasında.)



dictionary
sözlük



bookshop
kitapçı



newspaper
gazete



in front of
önünde



literature book
edebiyat kitabı

Exercise 3:

Look at the pictures and write the sentences into the correct places. (Resimlere bakalım ve cümleleri doğru yerlere yazalım.)

The cat is between the ball of yarns.	The cat is on the ball of yarn.	The cat is under the ball of yarn.	The cat is near the ball of yarns.
The cat is in the ball of yarn.	The cat is next to the ball of yarn.	The cat is in front of the ball of yarn.	The cat is behind the ball of yarn.



author / writer
yazar



history book
tarihi kitap



on
üstünde



borrow
ödünç almak



look for
aramak

PICTURES



1. The cat is behind the ball of yarn. (Kedi iplik yumağının arkasında.)

2. The cat is near the ball of yarn. (Kedi iplik yumağının yakınında.)



3. The cat is in front of the ball of yarn. (Kedi iplik yumağının önünde.)

4. The cat is between the ball of yarns. (Kedi iplik yumaklarının arasında.)



5. The cat is under the ball of yarn. (Kedi iplik yumağının altında.)

6. The cat is on the ball of yarn. (Kedi iplik yumağının üzerinde.)



7. The cat is next to the ball of yarn (kedi iplik yumağının yakınında.)

8. The cat is in the ball of yarn. (Kedi iplik yumağının içinde.)



behind
arkasında



lend
borç vermek



next to
bitişinde



e - book
elektronik kitap



bookcase

kitaplık



magazine

dergi



look at

bakmak



under

altında



novel

roman

Exercise 4:

Write the sentences into the correct places according to their Turkish meanings. (Türkçe anlamlarına göre cümleleri doğru yerlere yazalım.)



lose

kaybetmek



short stories

kısa hikâyeler



novelist

romancı



between

arasında



poetry

şir



in front of

önünde



in

içinde



bookworm

kitap kurdu



story book

hikâye kitabı

1. She borrowed some magazines from me last weekend.

Ö benden geçen hafta birkaç dergi ödünç aldı.

2. The library is between the theatre and the museum.

Kütüphane tiyatro ve müzenin arasındadır.

He bought a tablet computer to read e-books yesterday.

The library is between the theatre and the museum.

5. He bought a tablet computer to read e-books yesterday.

Ö dün e-kitapları okumak için bir tablet bilgisayar satın aldı.

6. My dictionary is behind my history book in my bookcase.

Kitaplığımda sözlüğüm tarih kitabımın arkasında.

I read a novel about friendship and war last month.

I lost my story books two days ago.

My dictionary is behind my history book in my bookcase.

She borrowed some magazines from me last weekend.

7. I looked up some French words in the dictionary yesterday.

Dün sözlükte birkaç Fransızca kelime baktım.

8. I lose my story books two days ago.

İki gün önce hikâye kitaplarımı kaybettim.

3. I read a novel about friendship and war last month.

Geçen ay dostluk ve savaş hakkında bir roman okudum.

4. I found some novels of my favorite author last week.

Geçen hafta en sevdiğim yazarın birkaç romanını buldum.

Writing English Meanings

Writing English Meanings

Exercise 5:

Look at David's last week's activities and complete the blanks in the paragraph. (David'in geçen haftaki aktivitelerine bakalım ve paragraftaki boşlukları tamamlayalım.)

What ... ?	When ... ?
go to the theatre	last Monday
read an e-book	three days ago
prepare science project	two days ago
borrow some novels from the school library	yesterday afternoon
buy some science magazines	Sunday morning
meet friends at the cafe	Sunday evening

David (1) went to the theatre last Monday. He (2) read an e-book three days ago. He prepared his science project (3) two days ago. Yesterday afternoon, he (4) borrowed some novels from the school library. He is a bookworm, so he loves reading a lot. He (5) bought some sciene magazines on Sunday morning and then he met his friends at the cafe (6) Sunday evening.

Exercise 6:

Answer the questions according to the information in the table in Exercise 5. (Alıştırma 5'teki tabloda yer alan bilgilere göre soruları cevaplayalım.)

1. When did David prepare his science project?

He prepared his science project two days ago. / Two days ago.

2. What did David do three days ago?

He read e-book three days ago. / He read e-book

3. Did David go to the theatre on the first day of the week?

Yes, he did. / Yes, he went to the theatre on the first day of the week.

4. Why did David go to the school library yesterday afternoon?

Because he is a bookworm. So he loves reading a lot. He is a bookworm and he loves reading a lot.

5. Where did David meet his friends on Sunday evening?

He met with his friends at the cafe / at the cafe.

6. What did David do on Sunday morning?

He bought some sciene magazines on Saturday morning. / He bought some science magazines.

Exercise 7:

Read the conversation and complete the sentences. (Konuşmayı okuyalım ve cümleleri tamamlayalım.)

Elizabeth: Hello! This is Elizabeth speaking.

Margaret: Hi, Elizabeth! I called you many times between 3 p.m. and 4.30 p.m. yesterday, but you didn't answer. Where were you?

Elizabeth: I was in the local library all day yesterday. I looked for a novel called "The Old Man and The Sea". I read some interesting information in the school magazine about this novel last weekend.

Margaret: Really? Who is the author?

Elizabeth: Ernest Miller Hemingway. He is an important novelist. He won the Nobel Prize for Literature in 1954. I was lucky because I found it in the library and borrowed it. I came home at around 5 p.m. Why did you call me?

Margaret: I lost my dictionary and wanted to borrow yours.

Elizabeth: Don't worry! I have two dictionaries and I can lend you one of them.

Margaret: Thank you so much, dear! See you at school tomorrow. Bye!



- Elizabeth was in the local library when Margaret phoned her yesterday.
- Elizabeth went to the local library to look for a novel called "The Old Man and The Sea".
- Margaret called Elizabeth many times, but she didn't answer.
- Ernest Miller Hemingway won the 1954 Nobel Prize in Literature.
- Elizabeth will lend her dictionary to Margaret because Margaret lost her dictionary.
- Elizabeth came back home from the library at 5 p.m.
- Elizabeth borrowed the novel "The Old Man and The Sea" from the library.
- Last weekend, Elizabeth read about "The Old Man and The Sea".

ÖZ DEĞERLENDİRME FORMU	Evet	Hayır
İnsanların ve nesnelerin buldukları yerleri İngilizce ifade edebiliyorum.		
Varlıkların nerede olduklarıyla ilgili soru sorabiliyorum ve cevaplayabiliyorum.		
Geçmişte gerçekleşen olaylarla ilgili konuşmaları ve metinleri anlayabiliyorum.		

air pollution



air pollution

(hava kirliliği)

cut down



cut down

(kesmek)

damage / harm



damage / harm

(zarar vermek)

destroy



destroy

(yok etmek)

eco - friendly



eco - friendly

(çevre dostu)

Exercise 1:

Put the letters in the correct order and write the Turkish meanings of the words. (Harfleri doğru sıraya koyalım ve kelimelerin Türkçe anlamlarını yazalım.)

- a. pulonolti pollution - kirlilik
- b. uderce reduce - azaltmak
- c. rbagaeg garbage - çöp
- d. rcyeelc recycle - geri dönüşüm
- e. nuglpu unplug - fişi çekmek
- f. gmadea damage - zarar vermek
- g. repnetv prevent - önlemek
- h. tuc wdno cut down - kesmek
- i. dilflwie wild life - vahşi doğa
- j. usere reuse - yeniden kullanma
- k. sewta waste - israf etmek
- l. tpercot protect - korumak

Exercise 2:

Write the phrases into the correct boxes. (İfadeleri doğru kutucuklara yazalım.)

- ◆ water pollution ◆ plant trees
- ◆ using public transportation
- ◆ recycling trash ◆ air pollution
- ◆ protect the animals
- ◆ pick up rubbish ◆ solar energy

1. air
pollution
hava kirliliği
2. recycling trash
çöpü geri dönüştürme
3. plant trees
ağaç dikmek
4. water pollution
su kirliliği
5. protect the animals
hayvanları korumak
6. solar energy
güneş enerjisi
7. pick up rubbish
çöp toplamak
8. using public transportation
toplu taşıma kullanma

global warming



global warming

(küresel ısınma)

grow



grow

(yetiştirmek)

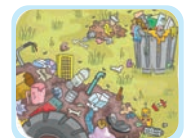
keep clean



keep clean

(temiz tutmak)

land pollution



land pollution

(toprak kirliliği)

protect



protect

(korumak)

precaution



precaution

(önlem)

pollute



pollute

(kirlilemek)

plant



plant

(dirmek)

noise pollution



noise pollution

(gürültü kirliliği)

public transportation



public transportation

(toplu taşıma)

recycle



recycle

(geri dönüşüm)

reduce



reduce

(azaltmak)

reuse



reuse

(yeniden kullanmak)

save



save

(tasarruf etmek)

solar energy



solar energy

(güneş enerjisi)

throw



throw

(atmak)

trash / garbage



trash / garbage

(çöp)

turn on / off



turn on / off

(açmak / kapatmak)

unplug



unplug

(fişi çekmek)

waste



waste

(israf etmek)

water pollution



water pollution

(su kirliliği)

wildlife



wildlife

(vahşi yaşam)

wind energy



wind energy

(rüzgâr enerjisi)

Exercise 3:

Match the halves of the phrases and rewrite the sentences. (İfadelerin yarılarını eşleştirelim ve cümleleri yeniden yazalım.)

1. Use public transportation more
2. Give up cutting down trees
3. Buy energy efficient devices
4. Don't throw your trash on the ground
5. Don't disturb the animals' natural habitats
6. Don't pour waste into the seas

- A. to prevent land pollution.
- B. to keep the water sources clean.
- C. to reduce air pollution.
- D. to make new farm lands and buildings.
- E. to protect the balance of life on Earth.
- F. to save the electricity.

1. C

2. D

3. F

4. A

5. E

6. B

1. Use public transportation more to reduce air pollution.

Hava kirliliğini azaltmak için daha fazla toplu taşıma kullanın.

2. Give up cutting down trees to make a new farm lands and buildings.

Yeni binalar ve tarım alanları yapmak için ağaçları kesmekten vazgeçin.

3. Buy energy efficient devices to save the electricity.

Elektrik tasarruf etmek için enerji verimli cihazlar kullanın.

4. Don't throw your trash on the ground to prevent land pollution.

Toprak kirliliğini önlemek için yerlere çöp atmayın.

5. Don't disturb the animals natural habitats to protect the balance of life on Earth.

Dünyanın yaşam dengesini korumak için hayvanların doğal alanlarını rahatsız etmeyin.

6. Don't pour waste in to the seas to keep the water sources clean

Su kaynaklarını temiz tutmak için denizlere çöp dökmeyin.



keep clean

temiz tutmak



Global warming

(Küresel ısınma)



Land pollution

(Toprak kirliliği)



Solar energy

(Güneş enerjisi)



Protect

(Korumak)

Exercise 4:

Choose the correct words and rewrite the sentences with their Turkish meanings. (Doğru kelimeleri seçelim ve cümleleri Türkçe anlamlarıyla yeniden yazalım.)

1. We **should** / **shouldn't** keep the seas, air and the land clean.

2. Buy **chemical** / **eco-friendly** products to protect the Earth.

3. **Plug** / **Unplug** your computer when you don't use it.

4. Drive **more** / **less** for short distances to reduce air pollution.

5. Don't **cut down** / **plant** trees to prevent global warming.

6. We **should** / **shouldn't** hunt animals for their fur or for fun.

7. We shouldn't **save** / **waste** water and energy for a better world.

8. Don't **damage** / **protect** the environment with your trash.

1. We should keep the seas, air and the land clean.

(Denizleri, havayı ve toprağı temiz tutmalıyız.)

2. Buy eco – friendly products to protect the Earth.

Dünyayı korumak için çevre dostu ürünler kullanın.

3. Unplug your computer when you don't use it.

Bilgisayarınızı kullanmadığınızda fişten çekin.

4. Drive less for short distances to reduce pollution.

Hava kirliliğini azaltmak için kısa mesafelerde daha az araç kullanın.

5. Don't cut down trees to prevent global warming.

Küresel ısınmayı önlemek için ağaçları kesmeyin.

6. We should not hunt animals for their fur or for fun.

Eğlence veya kürkleri için hayvanları avlamamalıyız.

7. We should not waste water and energy for a better world.

Daha iyi bir dünya için su ve enerjiyi israf etmemeliyiz.

8. Don't damage the environment with your trash.

Çöplerinle çevreye zarar verme.



Pollute

(Kirliletmek)



Damage / harm

(Zarar vermek)



Eco friendly

(Çevre dostu)



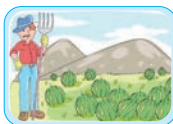
Public transportation

(Toplu taşıma)



air pollution

(Hava kirliliği)



Grow

(Büyütmek)



Recycle

(Geri dönüşüm)



Save

(Tasarruf etmek)



Cut down

(Kesmek)



throw

atmak



water pollution

su kirliliği



wild life

vahşi yaşam



reuse

yeniden kullanmak



waste

israf etmek



destroy

yok etmek



reduce

azaltmak



wind energy

rüzgâr enerjisi



noise pollution

Gürültü kirliliği



Turn on / off

Açmak / kapatmak



precaution

Önem



Unplug

Fişi çekmek



Plant

Dikmek



Trash / garbage

Çöp

Exercise 5:

Rewrite the sentences with "should / shouldn't". ("should / shouldn't" ile cümleleri yeniden yazalım.)

1. Don't turn on the tap while you are brushing your teeth.
2. Unplug the electrical devices in your house when you don't use them.
3. Walk or ride your bike for short distances as much as you can.
4. Don't open the window when the air conditioner is on.
5. Don't use fossil fuels instead of renewable energy sources.
6. Grow more plants to reduce the carbon dioxide in the atmosphere.
7. Don't throw rubbish on the ground to prevent land pollution.
8. Classify the rubbish as paper, plastic, metal and glass to recycle.

Rewriting The Sentences Using "should" or "shouldn't"

1. You shouldn't turn on the tap while you are brushing your teeth.
2. You should unplug the electrical devices in your house when you don't use them.
3. You shouldn't walk or ride your bike for short distances as much as you can.
4. You shouldn't open the window when the air conditioner is on.
5. You shouldn't use fossil fuels instead of renewable energy sources.
6. You shouldn't grow more plants to reduce the carbon dioxide in the atmosphere.
7. You shouldn't throw the rubbish on the ground to prevent to land pollution.
8. You shouldn't classify the rubbish as paper, plastic metal and glass to recycle.

Exercise 6:

Choose the English sentences from the box and write them into the correct places. (Kutudan İngilizce cümleleri seçelim ve onları doğru yerlere yazalım.)

ENGLISH SENTENCES

Her zaman çevre dostu olan ürünler satın alın ve kullanın.

1. Always buy and use products that are eco-friendly.

Küresel ısınmayı durdurmak için ağaçları kesmemeliyiz.

2. We shouldn't cut down trees to stop global warming.

Hava kirliliğini önlemek için okula yürüyerek veya bisiklet sürerek gidin.

3. Walk or cycle to prevent air pollution.

Plastik, kağıt, cam ve metal gibi malzemeleri geri dönüştürün.

4. Recycle materials such as plastic, paper, glass and metal.

Odadan ayrılırken ışıkları kapatmalıyız.

9. We should turn off the lights when we leave the room.

- ◆ Walk or cycle to school to prevent the air pollution.
- ◆ Don't throw your garbage on the streets.
- ◆ Don't waste water and energy to save the world.
- ◆ Always buy and use products that are eco-friendly.
- ◆ We should turn off the lights when we leave the room.
- ◆ Don't harm the animals and destroy their natural habitats.
- ◆ Recycle materials such as plastic, paper, glass and metal.
- ◆ We shouldn't cut down trees to stop global warming.
- ◆ Don't drop litter into the seas to prevent water pollution.
- ◆ We can do a lot of things to save our planet.

Dünyayı korumak için suyu ve enerjiyi israf etmeyin.

5. Don't waste water and energy to save world.

Hayvanlara zarar vermeyin ve onların doğal yaşam alanlarını yok etmeyin.

6. Don't harm the animals and destroy their natural habitats.

Gezegemizi korumak için çok şey yapabiliriz.

7. We can do a lot of things to save our planet.

Su kirliliğini önlemek için denizlere çöp dökmeyin.

8. Don't drop litter into the seas to prevent water pollution.

Çöpünüzü sokaklara atmayın.

10. Don't throw your garbage on the streets.

9 Doğru Cevap



MÜKEMMEL

7 Doğru Cevap



İYİ

4 Doğru Cevap



GELİŞTİRİLMELİ

1-2 Doğru Cevap



KONU TEKRARI

Exercise 7:

Write the sentences under the correct category with their Turkish meanings. (Cümleleri Türkçe anlamlarıyla doğru kategorinin altına yazalım.)

Walk or ride for short distances.

Don't use energy saving light bulbs.

Take a shower instead of a bath.

Let the water run while brushing your teeth.

Reduce the use of electricity and water.

Use both sides of a piece of paper.

Classify your rubbish to recycle.

Don't bring a bag when you shop.

Throw your garbage around.

Cut down trees and destroy forests.

ENVIRONMENTALLY FRIENDLY

- Walk or ride for short distances.

(Kısa mesafelere yürümeliyiz veya bisiklet sürmeliyiz.)

- Take a shower instead of a bath.

(Banyo yapmak yerine duş al.)

- Reduce the use of electricity and water.

(Elektrik ve su kullanımını azalt.)

- Use both sides of a piece of paper.

(Bir kâğıt parçasının her iki tarafını da kullan.)

- Classify your rubbish to recycle.

(Çöplerinizi geri dönüşüme göre sınıflandırın.)

BAD FOR THE ENVIRONMENT

- Don't use energy saving light bulbs.

(Enerji tasarruflu ampuller kullanmayın.)

- Let the water run while brushing your teeth.

(Dişlerini fırçalarken suyun akmasına izin ver.)

- Don't bring a bag when you shop.

(Alışverişe giderken çanta getirmeyin.)

- Throw your garbage around.

(Çöplerini etrafa at.)

- Cut down trees and destroy forests.

(Ağaçları ve ormanları yok et.)

ÖZ DEĞERLENDİRME FORMU

Evet

Hayır

Gezegemizi korumak için neler yapılması gerektiği ile ilgili konuşabiliyorum.

Çevremizi korumakla ilgili basit önerilerde bulunabiliyorum.

Gezegemizi korumayla ilgili basit talimatlara karşılık verebiliyorum.

ballot box



ballot box

(seçim sandığı)

ballot paper



ballot paper

(oy pusulası)

break the law



break the law

(yasaları çiğnemek)

cabinet



cabinet

(kabin)

campaign



campaign

(kampanya)

Exercise 1:

Write the English meanings of the words / phrases into the correct places. (Kelimelerin / ifadelerin İngilizce anlamlarını doğru yerlere yazalım.)

- ◆ count the votes
- ◆ make a promise
- ◆ voting booth
- ◆ run a campaign
- ◆ break the law
- ◆ give a speech
- ◆ candidate
- ◆ election
- ◆ announce
- ◆ select
- ◆ polling place
- ◆ child rights

Turkish Meanings

1. aday
2. konuşma yapmak
3. oy kullanma kabini
4. kampanya yürütmek
5. yasayı çiğnemek
6. seçmek
7. oy kullanma yeri
8. oyları saymak
9. seçim
10. çocuk hakları
11. vaatte bulunmak
12. duyurmak

English Meanings

1. candidate
2. give a speech
3. voting bath
4. run a campaign
5. break the law
6. select
7. polling place
8. count the votes
9. election
10. child rights
11. make a promise
12. announce

candidate



candidate

aday

child rights



child rights

çocuk hakları

count



count

saymak

elect / select



elect / select

seçmek

fold



fold

katlamak

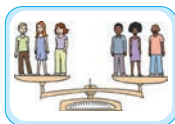
fair



fair

adalet

equal



equal

eşit

envelope



envelope

zarf

election



election

seçim

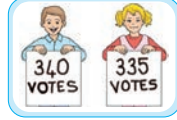
give a speech



give a speech

konuşma yapmak

lose



lose

kaybetmek

make a promise



make a promise

vaatte bulunmak

obey



obey

uymak

poll



poll

sandık

polling place



polling place

oy kullanma yeri

president



president

başka

respect



respect

saygı

result



result

sonuç

sign



sign

imzalamak

support



support

desteklemek

vote



vote

oy kullanmak

voting booth



voting booth

oy verme kabini

win



win

kazanmak

Exercise 2:

Put the words / phrases in the correct order. (Kelimeleri / ifadeleri doğru sıraya koyalım.)

1

two days ago / an / in / election / there was / our classroom / .

There was an election in our classroom two days ago.

2

know / definitely / the candidates / child and human rights / should / .

The candidates definitely should know child and human rights

3

before / talk about / the election / candidates / their projects / should / .

Candidates should talk about their projects before the election.

4

how to vote / the last class / us / in / explained / our teacher / .

Our teacher explained us how to vote in the last class.

5

their opinions / free / democratic country / people / in / are / express / to / a / .

People are free to express their opinions in a democratic country.

6

class presidency election / candidates / our / one of the / I'm / in / .

I'm one of the candidates in our class presidency election.

7

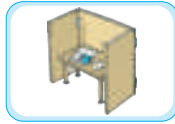
Beyza / last Friday / in / supported / the // class presidency election / .

I supported Beyza in the class presidency election.



election

seçim



cabinet

kabin



sign

imzalamak



fold

katlamak



ballot box

seçim sandığı

Exercise 3: Put the sentences in the correct order and write their Turkish meanings. (Cümleleri doğru sıraya koyalım ve onların Türkçe anlamlarını yazalım.)

You should put the envelope into the ballot box.	You should prepare an election campaign poster.	You should write the name on a paper and fold it.
You should respect other people.	All the candidates should give a speech.	You should support one of the candidates.

- You should prepare an election campaign poster. (Bir seçim kampanyası posteri hazırlamalıyım.)
- All the candidates should give a speech. (Bütün adaylar konuşma yapmalıdır.)
- You should support one of the candidates. (Bir adayı desteklemeliyim.)
- You should write the name on a paper and fold it. (Cismi kâğıda yazıp katlamalıyım.)
- You should put the envelope into the ballot box. (Zarfı seçim sandığının içine atmalıyım.)
- You should respect other people. (Diğer insanlara saygı göstermeliyim.)



count

saymak



envelope

zarf



break the law

yasaları çiğnemek

Exercise 4:



ballot paper

oy pusulası



fair

adalet



campaign

kampanya



candidate

aday



make a promise

vaatte bulunmak



president

başkan



elect / select

seçmek



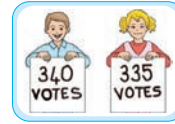
respect

saygı



voting booth

oy verme kabini



lose

kaybetmek



polling place

oy kullanma yeri

Exercise 4:

Choose the correct words and write them with their Turkish meanings. (Doğru kelimeleri seçelim ve onları Türkçe anlamlarıyla yazalım.)



give a speech

konuşma yapmak



win

kazanmak



support

desteklemek



vote

oy kullanmak



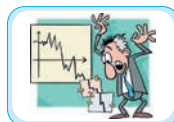
equal

eşit



obey

uymak



result

sonuç



poll

sandık



child rights

çocuk hakları

How Nice to Live In a Democratic Country!

Hello, friends! There was a(n) (1) **election** / **campaign** in my country yesterday. In the election, everyone over 18 years old (2) **selected** / **voted**. There were four (3) **supporters** / **candidates**. The candidates (4) **organized** / **elected** big campaigns and (5) **made** / **took** speeches about human rights and their projects before the election. They asked people's (6) **voting booths** / **opinions** and (7) **respected** / **took no notice of** others' rights during their campaigns. Also, nobody (8) **obeyed** / **broke** the law. It was a(n) (9) **fair** / **unfair** election. I'm so happy because my family's candidate (10) **lost** / **won** the election. But more importantly, our new president is very clever, kind and nice. I think his ideas are (11) **brilliant** / **absurd**. We all support and (12) **trust** / **cheat** him unconditionally.



1. election

seçim

7. respected

saygı göstermek

2. voted

oy kullanmak

8. broke the law

yasaları çiğnemek

3. candidates

aday

9. fair

adil

4. organized

düzenlemek

10. won

kazanmak

5. made

yapmak

11. brilliant

parlak

6. opinion

fikir

12. trust

güvenmek

Exercise 5:

Choose the English sentences from the box and write them into the correct places. (Kutudan İngilizce cümleleri seçelim ve onları doğru yerlere yazalım.)

ENGLISH SENTENCES

Seçimde adaylardan birini desteklemelisin.

1. You should support one of the candidates in an election.

Demokraside sosyal sınıflar yoktur.

2. In democracy, there are no social classes.

Seçim kampanyalarının gerekli olduğunu düşünüyor musun?

3. Do you think election campaigns are necessary?

Geçen yıl en iyi arkadaşım sınıf başkanlığı seçimini kazandı.

4. My best friend won the class presidency election last year.

Yeni sınıf başkanımız yardımsever ve saygılı.

9. Our new class president is helpful and respectful.

- ◆ Our new class president is helpful and respectful.
- ◆ I prepared an interesting speech for my election campaign.
- ◆ We elected our school president yesterday.
- ◆ You should support one of the candidates in an election.
- ◆ Who do you support in the election?
- ◆ The candidates shouldn't break the law in elections.
- ◆ People have the right to vote in democracies.
- ◆ My best friend won the class presidency election last year.
- ◆ Do you think election campaigns are necessary?
- ◆ In democracy, there are no social classes.

İnsanlar demokrasilerde oy verme hakkına sahiptir.

5. People have the right to vote in democracies.

Seçim kampanyam için ilgi çekici bir konuşma hazırladım.

6. I prepared an interesting speech for my election campaign.

Adaylar seçimlerde yasayı çiğnememeliler.

7. The candidates shouldn't break the law in elections.

Seçimde kimi destekliyorsun?

8. Who do you support in the election?

Dün okul başkanımızı seçtik.

10. We elected our school president yesterday.

9 Doğru Cevap



7 Doğru Cevap



4 Doğru Cevap



1-2 Doğru Cevap



Exercise 6: Write the questions and the answers into the correct places as in the example. (Soruları ve cevapları örnekteki gibi doğru yerlere yazalım.)

- * Who do you support in the election? * Can you vote in general elections? * When was the class president election? * Are you a candidate in the election? * What should the candidates in an election never do? * How did the students select their class president yesterday? * No, I'm not. * It was yesterday. * Yes, I can. * I support my deskmate, Deniz. * By secret ballot. ; * They should never break the law.

QUESTIONS	ANSWERS
Who do you support in the election? Seçimde kimi destekliyorsun?	I support my deskmate, Deniz. Sıra arkadaşım Deniz'i destekliyorum.
Can you vote in general elections? Genel seçimlerde oy kullanabilir misin?	Yes, I can. Evet yapabilirim.
When was the class president election? Sınıf başkanlığı seçimi ne zamandı?	It was yesterday. O dündü.
Are you a candidate in the election? Seçimde aday mısın?	No, I'm not. Hayır değilim.
What should the candidates in an election never do? Adaylar seçimde asla ne yapmamalıdır?	They should never break the law. Asla yasaları çiğnememeliler.
How did the students select their class president yesterday? Öğrenciler dün sınıf başkanlarını nasıl seçtiler?	By secret ballot. Seçim / gizli sandık ile.

Kendinizi aldığınız yıldız sayısı ile değerlendiriniz.

1 doğru: ★

2 veya 3 doğru: ★★

5 doğru: ★★★

Aldığım yıldız sayısı →

1 doğru → 

5 doğru → 



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* Sınırsız kullanım süresi 1 eğitim-öğretim yılıdır.

5. Sınıf

Soru Fasikülü, Etkinlik Fasikülü



6. Sınıf

Soru Fasikülü, Etkinlik Fasikülü



7. Sınıf

Soru Fasikülü, Etkinlik Fasikülü



8. Sınıf

Soru Fasikülü, Etkinlik Fasikülü



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